

NARRATIVE
OF THE
EFFECTS of a MEDICINE

Discovered at PARIS in the Year 1756,

By Mr. KEYSER,

A Celebrated GERMAN CHYMIST,

THAT CURES

The VENEREAL DISEASE in its most inveterate and malignant State, without Salivation or strict Regimen, as is now practised in France, both in private Cafes, and in all the Military Hospitals.

Consisting of

TRANSLATED EXTRACTS from Medicinal Journals, Monthly Mercuries, &c. that have been published by Authority in Paris for these seven Years past, with CERTIFICATES of Ministers of State, and other Noble Personages.

To which is prefixed,

A PRELIMINARY DISCOURSE on the Disease and Remedy; with an APPENDIX, shewing its happy Effects in Scorbutic, Rheumatic, Gouty, and Scrofulous Cafes.


By JAMES COWPER, M. D.

The THIRD EDITION, with ADDITIONS.

Dies diem docet.

L O N D O N :

Sold by Mr. NICOLL, St. Paul's Church-Yard; Mr. SEYMOUR, in Threadneedle Street, facing Broad Street, behind the Royal Exchange; Mr. TURPIN, in St. John's Street, near Hicks's Hall, Smithfield; Mr. BURD, in the Passage of the Temple-Exchange Coffee-House, Fleetstreet; and may be had of all the Booksellers.



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T O
H I S G R A C E
T H E
DUKE of BEDFORD,
LORD PRESIDENT of the COUNCIL,
&c. &c. &c.

May it please your GRACE,

I AM emboldened to hope, that your GRACE, who are so great a Friend to Humanity in general, and who have so particularly distinguished yourself in the most essential Services to your Country, will not
A 2 disdain

disdain the Patronage of a Medicine calculated for the Service of Mankind, and which has answered the most sanguine Expectations that can be formed of its Virtues.

Another Reason for making this Address more particularly to your GRACE, is, that, perhaps, no other Personage of your GRACE's Rank and Quality has had the same Opportunity of being acquainted with its Merits, which have been justified with the most laudable and zealous Warmth, by that glorious Example of Benevolence, the Marshal Duke de BIRON; who, during your GRACE's late Negotiations in the eminent Character of Plenipotentiary (of such happy Importance to the Interest of all Europe) took Occasion to recommend it to your GRACE's Notice, and produced the Registers of the Hospital, where so many extraordinary Cures were performed, for your GRACE's Inspection, as the most undoubted Testimonials of its Efficacy. An additional Motive for my presuming to solicit your GRACE's Protection, is, the repeated Instances that have occurred

red in the Course of my own Practice, of its Infallibility in the most malignant Cases.

I doubt not that Humanity and Condescension, which are your GRACE's peculiar Characteristics, will easily pardon this Address, when I declare my greatest Inducement to be, a Concern for the Sufferings of my Fellow-Creatures, and a real Desire to be of Use to Society. What Numbers of his Majesty's Subjects, and more particularly those who are in actual Service, do daily fall the Victims of this fatal Distemper, whose Lives would most certainly be preserved by the Use of this Medicine! The essential Point wherein I humbly beg Leave to solicit your GRACE's Interposition in its Favour, would be the bringing about so salutary and praise-worthy a Scheme, as that, which has lately been carried into Execution by the Duke de BIRON, viz. to make Trial of its Virtues, and, in consequence of its Success, establish the Use of it in a *Military Hospital*; which I am convinced would be productive of such happy Effects, as would administer to your GRACE

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(an ample Reward to a generous Soul!) the heart-felt Satisfaction of having rendered the most important Service to your Country ; which is the desirable End proposed by him, who begs Leave to subscribe himself, with the most profound Respect and Deference,

YOUR GRACE'S

most obedient, and most

devoted humble Servant,

J. COWPER.

Preliminary Discourse.

AMong the prodigious Number of physical Evils which afflict human Nature on all Sides, there are certainly none that have a more urgent Claim to the Vigilance of Government, and the laborious Researches of that learned Body dedicated to the Preservation of Mankind, than those which diffuse Corruption through the whole Mass of our Humours, which sap the Foundation of our Organs, which infect our very Origin, which transmit themselves (a deplorable Inheritance !) to our future Offspring, and destroy not only an incredible Number of Individuals, but insensibly enfeeble and degrade the whole Species. Such are the fatal Effects of the *Venereal Disease*. No sooner were the Seeds of this Malady, so replete with Mischief, transplanted into Europe, than they were expanded with all those dreadful Symptoms which threaten general Destruction to Mankind. A fallacious Opinion prevails among us at present, that the Virus of this Disease is rendered less malignant, and in some Measure worn out, in proportion as it has been extended over the Nations of the *old World*. But Observation will soon discover to us the Fallacy of this Supposition. The Virus of this Distemper is certainly regenerated from itself, and loses nothing of its Activity by being universally distributed. Enter the Hospitals appropriated for the Treatment of this Disease, and every Sense will be convinced of the Falshood of supposing, that the Poison has lost its ancient Effects. Here Beauty is not only losing her every Charm, but even the Power of propagating our Species is frequently annihilated. To enumerate every disgusting deleterious Symptom, must be shocking to every Person capable of the tender Feelings of Humanity; and it is to be feared a minute Detail of every horrid Circumstance would never prove effective.

tual in preventing our Fellow-Creatures from risking the Contagion of those Evils from which we could wish to preserve them.

This Malady exerts itself chiefly on the inferior Set of People, and particularly the Soldiery, who are in general inattentive to its first Approach, and unprovided with the Means of opposing it. The Medicines originally made use of to resist its Fury were found ineffectual. Those vegetable Productions which proved serviceable in America (from whence the Distemper was transported hither) have afforded but very little Aid in our European Climates. We have been convinced by a long and happy Experience, that Mercury is the only Specific: But there still remained great Difference of Opinion in regard to the Manner in which it ought to be prepared, administered, and directed to its salutary End. It has been thought, that the internal Use of this Mineral would be more efficacious than the external by Frictions; for which Purpose it was administered almost in the same State that Nature gives it us from the Earth, only freeing it from some of its heterogeneous Particles, &c.; but it was soon discovered, that its Weight hurried it quickly through the Intestines, without permitting it to enter the *Lacteals*, from which all its good Effects in the Blood were to be expected. Nor have all the different Bodies mixed with it, by the most ingenious Theorists, as well as Practitioners, been sufficient to overcome the Difficulty, till Mr. KEYSER's happy Discovery, which is greatly superior to any other mercurial Preparation whatsoever, both for the Mildness of its Operation, and the Certainty of its eradicating all venereal Virus effectually from the Blood.——Therefore the Design of this Narrative, is candidly to exhibit plain Matters of Fact in the Manner they happened; in Hopes of diffusing the good Effects of an useful and interesting Discovery in Physic, throughout these Realms, as it has been through the French Dominions for more than eight Years past.

Nothing sure ever appeared in Public so well attested, and regularly authenticated, as the following Abridgment

ment of the History of Cures performed by Mr. KEYSER's Antivenereal new discovered Medicine. It has had the Sanction and Approbation, not only of Noblemen of the first Rank and Quality, who have been Eye-Witnesses to the great Cures performed by it, but likewise of the Members of the Academy of Arts and Sciences, of the Faculties of Physic and of Surgery of Paris, and other Universities. As to the Author of this Medicine, who is a German by Birth, the chief and principal Study of his Life has been Chemistry: He likewise practised Surgery, and has been long particularly celebrated for Venereal Cases.

However, till within a little more than six Years past, he always treated them in the usual Manner with the rest of his Brethren, the Surgeons; that is, by salivating, fumigating, &c. He owns that he has been often very much perplexed, and grieved heartily for his Patients, who were not able to go safely through such Courses.——Some, whose Disorders were obstinate and unconquerable, could not receive the Satisfaction of a Cure, notwithstanding the Tortures they endured in a Salivation. Others, in short, either died in the Operation, or lived but a short Time after it, &c.

Mr. KEYSER, whose Knowledge in Antivenereals is as great as his Humanity is extensive, has had the good Fortune to discover a Preparation of Mercury, which now cures the Venereal Disease in its highest Degree of Infection, without the Pain and Torture of a Salivation, or without any kind of Inconveniency to the Patient, more than the taking a few of his Sugar-Plumbs, as he calls them; in French, *Dragées*.

Mr. KEYSER, after long and constant Application to the Chemical Art, has, by Thousands of Processes, and torturing Mercury into Millions of Shapes, at last accomplished the great Work, viz. a most gentle, mild and inoffensive Antivenereal Specific, wholly exempt from any noxious Qualities.

This is the Medicine so much wished for by the late learned Boerhaave, and so much sought after by the repeated and indefatigable Labours of a great Num-

ber of learned and ingenious Chemists *, all over Europe, for these two hundred Years past. But this great and useful Production was reserved to recompence the Researches of the successful Mr. KEYSER; who, after many repeated Trials in his private Practice, was very far from crying up the Virtues of his new Discovery, and seducing the Public into a Belief of the Efficacy of his Medicine, on the Strength of his own private Trials, in the Manner of Quack Doctors and Empirics.

No; he chose the true Method of making his Medicine known; which was to propose it to the Gentlemen of the Faculty of Physic, and to those of the Academy of Surgery, as the most knowing and learned Judges, whose Testimonies could not be suspected; before whom public Proofs and Trials were made of his Remedy.

The Success attending his first public Trials was established and proved by several rigid and nice Examinations; not only immediately after the Patients had been treated with his Medicine, but even for the Space of one and two Years afterwards, to see if his numerous Cures were durable. His great Success obtained him Royal Letters Patent, which were registered in the Parliament of Paris, permitting the Establishment of an Hospital, where his Medicine is alone administered. He has already performed in this Hospital upwards of five hundred and fifty-eight Cures, in Presence of the most celebrated Physicians and Surgeons, who were invited to examine the said Patients by his Excellency the Duke of BIRON, Marshal of France, and Colonel of the King's Foot-Guards, &c. who was pleased to become the Protector and Patron of the said Hospital, in favour of Mr. KEYSER's Remedy; or rather in favour of the Soldiers, who have been perfectly cured by it.

Every Year the same Examinations of the Patients have been repeated with the same scrupulous Exact-

* We find that Boerhaave, endeavouring to find out a mild mercurial Medicine, like Mr. KEYSER's, fell upon the following Method to procure it, but did not succeed. He fastened Bottles of Mercury to the Sails of a Wind-mill for many Months, in order, by the Effects of Motion, to bring it into an *Æthiops per se*.

ness at the Expiration of one Year after their leaving the said Hospital ; all which have never failed to be made public by Authority in the Monthly Mercuries, and other periodical Publications of Medicinal Journals, &c. in the most authentic Manner possible. And it is no less notorious and well attested, that, for these six Years past, by repeated Inspections and Examinations of the above Soldiers by Gentlemen of the Profession, appointed as above related, that the least Accident or Return of their old Distemper has never happened, to give any Room for suspecting that Mr. KEYSER's Cures are fallacious. The Experience Mr. KEYSER has of the Efficacy of his Remedy is not limited to the capital City of France alone. The same Success has attended the Administration of it in all the principal Cities of that Kingdom.

Certificates of Persons of Character, and unquestionable Veracity, have been transmitted to him from all Quarters whither his Medicine had been sent. They are all to be found published at length in the Monthly Paris Mercuries, and he has the Originals to shew to whoever pleases to doubt thereof ; besides a great Number of Letters from different Physicians and Surgeons, his Correspondents, in most of the great Cities of the Kingdom of France ; to whom he had communicated the Method he makes use of in administering his Specific, and now sends it to them.

These Letters give very particular Accounts of the Cures performed by his Correspondents with his Remedy, every one of them more astonishing than another. It would be too long to translate all in this Narrative ; they may be seen in the Monthly Mercuries of Paris for the Years 1756, 1757, 1758, 1759, &c. down to the present Year 1764, and will hereafter be continued.

In the Kingdom of France, the Reader is to be informed, that no *Nostrum* can be sold, without having previously undergone the Examination of Gentlemen appointed by the Faculty of Physic.——The French Government, by the Excellency of its Police, protects the Lives of its People from being destroyed by Quack Medicines. It is true, great Encouragement is given

to Arts and Sciences : There is a large Field open before them, where each may shew his Abilities to do Good, but not to do any Mischief; and where Emulation may be glorious and serviceable to Mankind.

Thus, when a Man of Genius in France has made any new Discovery in Physic, or Improvement in any Branch whatever of the useful Arts or Sciences, it is immediately laid before the proper Judges, whose Province it is to take Cognizance thereof, and examine with the greatest Exactness the Merits of the Author, whom (if approved) they reward accordingly. This has already happened in favour of Mr. KEYSER's Discovery, which now is become almost universally used, at least in the Hospitals and Army, for curing the Venereal Distemper, and the Author rewarded with a Royal Pension of Ten thousand Livres a-Year.

Of all the Diseases which afflict the human Species, none sure is more terrible in its Symptoms, in its Consequences; and I may add in its very Cure, as it has been hitherto treated. Its Symptoms are self-evidently terrible, by disgracing the noblest Part of Man, viz. his Face; and if this should not be the Case, many are the other Symptoms, which I shall here pass by in Silence, because known to all, which affect the whole Man with a loathsome Aspect to others, and many very disagreeable Feelings to himself, both in Body and Mind. It is terrible in its Consequences, because it mixes itself so intimately with all the Humours of the human Body, and that according to the Strength or Weakness of the different Constitutions and Distempers already lurking therein, which it meets, and assimilates with. It becomes like a Graft that loses its original Criteria, so far as to be often mistaken for other Distempers, and no Cure can be obtained; but they must linger out a miserable Life, by taking in Loads of palliating Medicines, &c. to little Purpose: For in such Cases the Distemper is always mistaken for another. The Numbers of these latter is much greater than can be well conceived; for infinite Numbers are hurried to their Graves with this Distemper on them, without the Cause of their Death being known. That this Disease is terrible, even in its Cure, is very cer-

tain ; because of all the torturing and disagreeable Situations, that of being in a Course of the Grand Remedy (as it is called) or a Salivation, is the greatest Evil a Man can well suffer ; and so it will appear to any one who has read the very learned Doctor Astruc's accurate Treatise on the Venereal Disease. What he proposes in this Work, as the only known Method of performing a radical Cure, is a Salivation. Yet his Description of the horrible Accidents often attending it, is shocking. The Symptoms are most naturally and elegantly described in his Latin Treatise ; therefore his own Words, which I shall here translate, will give the Reader a stronger Impression of the frightful Situation a Person must be in by this Course of Cure, than all I can possibly say. In Page 364. of his most accurate Work, *De Infortuniis primi Stadii*, “ The
 “ Disasters attending a Salivation are many in Num-
 “ ber, and very different in their Nature. It some-
 “ times happens after the third or fourth Friction,
 “ that the Salivary, Maxillary, and parotid Glands,
 “ swell all of a sudden ; grow hot and painful ; the
 “ Tongue becomes tumefied, and hangs out at the
 “ Mouth ; the Face and the whole Head are much
 “ swelled, whence a great Difficulty of breathing.
 “ Their Articulation of Speech is lost, or very in-
 “ distinct, and sometimes like the Lowing of a Cow ;
 “ besides a deep Sleep, Lethargy, Fever, &c. Tho’
 “ all these Accidents do not always occur, yet many
 “ of them frequently meet together.

“ When your Patients are oppressed by the Con-
 “ course of so many deadly Symptoms, you must in-
 “ stantly endeavour to restrain the Force of the Mer-
 “ cury, or turn its Course downwards. For which End,
 “ he directs to bleed, blister, clyster, and purge (if
 “ they can swallow one) as quickly as possible ; and
 “ change all their Flannels, &c. but above all, to take
 “ care the swelled Tongue, which lolls out of the
 “ Mouth, be not wounded by the Fore-Teeth ; nay,
 “ which is much worse, lest it should be cut quite off
 “ by them, as has frequently happened. Therefore
 “ let Wedges be drove in with a wooden or leaden
 “ Mallet between the Teeth, to prevent their cutting
 “ off

“ off the Tongue, &c. the Violence of the Mercury
 “ threatening no less than Death.”

Is not this a delightful Process? Who would not be shocked at such a Sight? Who is so stupid or blind, that would not tremble at the Thoughts of such dire and terrible Accidents, and avoid the infernal Process that caused them? By Mr. KEYSER's lately discovered Medicine, all these frightful Circumstances not only do not happen, but the Cure is even more certain, as many Thousands of Experiments have already shewn; for he has cured many who had been missed by this terrible and shocking Method.

How much more then is that Method to be recommended, whereby those numerous and calamitous Symptoms are avoided, and yet the full Use of the Mercury preserved *?

Our learned Author proceeds, Page 365, “ Some-
 “ times the Patient is attacked with a violent and con-
 “ tinual Fever, whereby the Inside of the Mouth is
 “ made intolerably hot. The Spitting stops, the Breath
 “ is short, and all the other troublesome Symptoms pe-
 “ culiar to common Fevers occur; but are much more
 “ dangerous here, because the Mercury hurries about
 “ the Blood in a tumultuous Manner, to get out where
 “ it can. Therefore you must bleed again and again,
 “ purge, &c. †

In p. 366, “ Sometimes they are attacked with a vio-
 “ lent and dangerous Looseness, which often turns into
 “ a bloody Flux, with intolerable Gripings, perpetual
 “ Needings, &c. &c. for which he directs Bleeding,
 “ oily Draughts, Opiates, Clysters, Purges, &c.

Page 372 ‡, “ Sometimes when the Disease is sup-
 “ posed to be conquered, and we have a mind to take
 “ in our Sails (i. e. take off the Salivation) deep for-
 “ did Ulcers affect several Parts of the Mouth; whence

* Quandoque citra graviolem ullam perniciem æger febre tenta-
 tur post tertiam quartamve inunctionem, continuâ vel intermittente,
 intensa, vel remissa. &c.

† Solet in nonnullis secundæ vel tertiæ inunctioni Ptyalismî loco-
 gravis diarrhœa succedere, &c.

‡ Non nunquam ulcera numerosa, profunda, sordida, depascen-
 tia, dyssepulota, oris interiora pessime habent, &c.

“ the Spitting is continued longer than it should, and
 “ can neither be stopped, nor even lessened, whereby
 “ the Patient is gradually wasted, and at length be-
 “ comes consumptive, &c.

“ Others, who are naturally fearful, are so fretted
 “ and teased with the Pain and Tedioufness of this
 “ Process, that they despair of ever getting over it, or
 “ being better for it if they do ; and though they are
 “ really cured, won't believe it. Therefore such Peo-
 “ ple, who are so very uneasy under the Pains they
 “ suffer, during the Course of a Salivation, must be
 “ comforted with good Words.”

To this I shall apply the Words of the late Mr. *Douglas*. Good Words! rare Comfort indeed! If *SENECA* himself were alive, all his Philosophy would be thrown away on a Person under the Torture of a Salivation ; he could raise his drooping Spirits with no Hope : For when the Soul, sitting in the Brain, as it were, upon its Throne, perceives her Castle close be- sieged by Tumours, Ulcers, racking Pains, &c. as if Hannibal were at the Gate, she is frightened and alarmed, and can be comforted by no Means, until those dire Symptoms are mitigated.

Page 373, “ Sometimes a dangerous Hæmorrhage
 “ happens after the Separation of the Sloughs of the
 “ Mouth ; then if the Vessels which bleed are in Sight,
 “ you must sear them with a Hot-Iron. I remember
 “ to have seen a dangerous Flux of Blood, from the
 “ upper Part of a Patient's Nose near the Throat,
 “ which was luckily restrained by a Hot-Iron passed
 “ up the Nostril. A frightful, uncertain, and dan-
 “ gerous Operation ! but Necessity has no Law !” *

What a dreadful Method of Cure is this, which often occasions such terrible Operations ! Can you ima- gine any Person so fond of living, that would not ra- ther die, than buy Life so dear ?

Leuiusne est ægrotare, quam tali methodo sanari?

* Duro quidem consilio, sed quod durior necessitas suadebat, & quod felici comprobatum fuit exitu, & æger ab orci faucibus revo- catus fuerit.

“ Ibidem, After the Ulcers of the Mouth are cured,
 “ there often remains a Stricture on the Muscles of the
 “ lower Jaw, that it is almost immoveable, or can be
 “ moved so very little, that there is but a very small
 “ Opening ; through which no solid Meat can be got
 “ into the Mouth, or though it could be thrust in, it
 “ cannot be chewed ; neither can they utter the least
 “ Word distinctly. A great Misfortune indeed ! and
 “ still so much the worse, because it cannot be cured.
 “ For to what Purpose should we amuse them with vain
 “ Hopes, or, which is worse, add new Plagues to those
 “ they already suffer, by new and insignificant Cour-
 “ ses ? Since they cannot use solid Food, they must
 “ live on Liquids, taken through the small Opening
 “ left in the Mouth. But if there be none, a Tooth
 “ must be drawn, that they may suck through a Quill.”

A notable and recommendable Process indeed ! by which People run more Risk of being made miserable for ever after, than from the Disease itself.

But though the ingenious and learned Dr. Astruc has given the most free and accurate Account of the Mischiefs attending a Salivation, yet he has forgot one, which is almost as bad as Jaw-locking, and sucking through a Quill, viz. Death ! which so often happens in the Course of a Salivation, or soon afterwards ; nay, and 'tis well known, that this Accident does not happen only in the Hands of Quacks and Novices, but also to the most experienced and famous Salivators.

If these be the Effects of a Salivation under the better and more judicious Management of Men of Eminence in their Profession, pray what must we apprehend from that of the Vulgus Chirurgorum, the Careless or Ignorant, the pedling Salivators ?

What more can be said against a Course of Salivation than what the learned Dr. Astruc has here so honestly represented ? The same has been treated of by a great Number of Physicians and Surgeons, who all join in asserting the same Thing, viz. the many Accidents and often irreparable Mischiefs attending this Method, &c. Now we shall see that they have one and all agreed, and found by Experience, that a Person may be cured without the Torture of a *Salivation*, though

they remain ignorant of the Method to be pursued in order to obtain this very desirable End.

The learned Astruc owns “ That Experience, the
 “ best of all Arguments †, has long ago taught the
 “ Surgeons, that Mercury, even when it causes no
 “ Salivation, has the same Effect upon the Blood and
 “ Juices, as if a plentiful Spitting had been raised;
 “ provided a sufficient Quantity had been used, as
 “ should have raised a Salivation, and that the Cure
 “ stands as firm and lasting. In some Patients, after a
 “ sufficient Quantity of Uction has been used, we see no
 “ Spitting, nor any Sign of an approaching Salivation;
 “ as if the Mercury, whose Activity we have good
 “ Reason to dread in most People §, was in those Per-
 “ sons inactive, sluggish, and dead, &c. which at first
 “ made People suspect the Cure was thereby frustrated,
 “ But it is found by Experience, that the Effect of the
 “ Remedy is not in the least lessened thereby, &c.
 “ Many are under great Apprehensions they should
 “ miss of a Cure, because the Spitting they expected
 “ does not appear. *Nihil non metuunt*; they dream of
 “ nothing, Day and Night, but Relapses! as if a
 “ radical Cure could not be obtained without Spit-
 “ ting. But let them not be alarmed without Reason,
 “ since ’tis evident from many incontestable Experi-
 “ ments, that People have been cured without it;
 “ and that the Defect of Spitting is fully made up
 “ by Purging, Sweating, Urine, or all of them put
 “ together.

“ Wherefore those Patients on whom a *Salivation*
 “ could not be raised, are so far from having any Rea-
 “ son to complain, that they ought to congratulate
 “ themselves on the good Luck they had of being per-
 “ fectly cured without the Pain, Tedioufness, and
 “ Danger of being salivated.”

But this is no new Concession of the learned Astruc;
 it was made by *Theodore de Hery*, a Surgeon of Paris,
 above 160 Years ago.

† Ceterum Experientia omni ratione Major Chirurgos jampridem docuit Mercurium, &c.

§ Cujus in plerisque nimiam efficacitatem jure reformidamus.

A *Salivation* (says he) does not always happen after mercurial Frictions; yet the Sick are often cured without any Damage or Danger, though no Spitting appears. Benedictus Germanus, who wrote in 1550; Antonius Musa, in 1551, confess the same. In 1629 Zacutus Lusitanus, a learned Jew Physician, declares the same, with many others of the Ancients as well as the Moderns. These frightful Accidents attending a Salivation, are likewise described in a very lively and pathetic Manner, by that ancient Author, Alex. Traj. Petronius, who wrote in the Year 1565.

“ Those afflicted with this Disease, says he, are some-
 “ times made better, sometimes quite cured by *salivating*;
 “ but then it is with so much Trouble and
 “ Fatigue, so much real Danger of Life, that many of
 “ them repent they did not let the Disease take its
 “ Course, rather than suffer so much for a Cure. e. g.
 “ There is such a large Quantity of corrupt and stinking
 “ Matter discharged at the Mouth, which hinders
 “ the Sick from eating, drinking, or sleeping; nay,
 “ they often fear nothing less than to be strangled or
 “ suffocated by it. The most firm Teeth are loosened,
 “ and drop out. Sometimes violent Fevers are raised.
 “ Sometimes the Sick have large and dangerous Fluxes
 “ of Blood from the Mouth, Nose, Fundament, or
 “ Bladder. Sometimes Consumptions, or other lingering
 “ Distempers, ensue; nay Death itself is often
 “ the Consequence, &c.”

That ancient Knight, Sir Ulrich Hutten, describes them thus: Some have their Teeth drop out of their Heads: Some their Jaws locked up, that they cannot open their Mouths, but are forced to mumble all their Lifetime after: Others have a faltering in their Speech, their Limbs trembling, and their Joints disabled with a Palsy. Many also are strangled by the Swelling in their Throat, &c. &c. &c. Hopeful Work indeed!

I now conclude this Article of Quotations from ancient as well as modern Authors, in which, to avoid Prolixity, I have out of a great Number only extracted a few of them, which will be sufficient to shew the Reader, that the Cure of the Venereal Disease, by the
 Course

Course of a Salivation, is not only attended at the best with a shocking Number of Inconveniencies and Dangers, enough to deter any Person from making Choice of that Method of Cure, but also to shew, that it often produces most horrible and irreparable Evils, nay greater than the Disease itself, &c.

Certainly every Gentleman of the Profession, who has practised Salivation, must be very sensible of the above Truths ; and it is to be presumed, none amongst them, but even from a Motive of Humanity, would most willingly give up this Method altogether, could they find out any other less troublesome, and less frightful to the Patient.

For my own Part, I declare, that I have observed, in the Course of upwards of twenty Years Practice in Venereal Cases, that many, though not all, of the above-mentioned Accidents, have occurred in a Course of Salivation. Formerly, when I was a Pupil of Dr. Astruc's at Paris, and attended the Bicetre or great Lock-hospital there, I have constantly seen more or less of those very disagreeable Accidents.

Whilst I was writing the first Edition of this Narrative, I received a Letter from Mr. Keyser, letting me know, that the French India Company had made an Agreement with him for a certain Quantity of his Medicine, sufficient to cure some of their Colonies abroad, at so much per Head, where the Venereal Distemper is so general, that it is next to an endemic Distemper ; nay, in one Sense, far worse, since the Contagion spreads itself farther ; and without a Specific, such as Mr. Keyser's, must increase, and grow worse and worse. Mr. Keyser affirms, and, from my Knowledge of it, I believe it to be a Fact not to be doubted, that his Medicine is the only Thing yet discovered capable of cleansing a whole Colony at once, and that in the Space of three Months at most. This is effected by giving it to every individual Person of the Colony at the same Time, which is the more easily done, as it requires no Trouble nor Attendance, and scarcely any Rules of Diet, excepting not to commit an Excess in any Thing. If I am rightly informed, our valuable Colony of Senegal (the Acquisition of which does so

much Honour to the Minister, as well as to the Gentleman, whose indefatigable Patriotic Spirit projected the taking of the above-mentioned Place) labours under the Calamity of this dreadful Disease ; whence our Negroes carry it to America, where the Infection spreads anew.

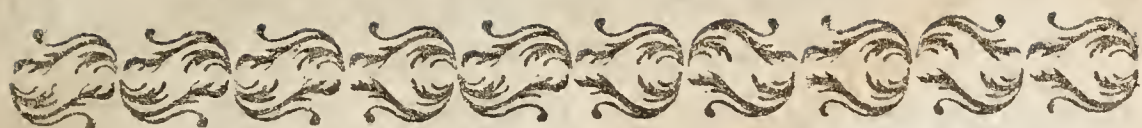
This very well deserves the Government's Consideration, who have now a favourable Opportunity, on moderate Terms, not only to have all the Inhabitants of this new-acquired Colony cured, but also to prevent its reappearing there, and hinder its being imported for the future into our more populous Settlements of America, as may be evinced.

Now, in order to put the Practicability of this Undertaking beyond all Doubt, I will undertake to cure any Number of Patients with Mr. Keyser's Medicine (who shall be first examined by expert and honest Men in the Profession of Surgery) in such an easy Manner to the Patient, as will shew evident Proofs of the Truth of what is here advanced.

After such public Trials made, I promise to instruct three or four Surgeons, or more if necessary, in the Method of administering Mr. Keyser's Medicine in a very short Time, in order to qualify them to be sent speedily, with a sufficient Quantity of the Remedy, to Senegal, or elsewhere.

This would be, I presume, a Thing of great Importance to our Nation ; the most powerful in her Fleets, the most flourishing in her Commerce of any in the World, and therefore the most liable to suffer by the baneful Influence of the Venereal Contagion.

It is a Remark worthy of Consideration, that Armies have been supposed to lose more Men by Sicknefs, than by the Sword. It is also certain, that the Venereal Poison makes surprising Havock, not only in Colonies, but in Fleets and Armies ; and the more so, when complicated with other Disorders, it appears not to be the principal ; yet contributing largely to the Malignity of the Disorders it is joined with, makes them become more obstinate, in as much as the lurking Venereal Virus, not being suspected, no effectual Medicine is prescribed against it.



TRANSLATED
CERTIFICATES
OF
NOBLE PERSONAGES,

The ORIGINALS of which are in the Hands
of Dr. COWPER, for the Inspection of
Gentlemen, &c.

LEWIS-ANTONY DE GONTAUT, Duke of BIRON,
Peer and Marshal of France, Knight of the King's
Orders, Colonel-General of the Regiment of French
Guards, &c.

WE certify to all whom it may concern,
W That since the Establishment of our Hos-
pital in the Year of our Lord 1757, for
the Use of the Soldiers of the French
Guards, it appears by the Registers of the
said Hospital, that Mr. Keyser's Medicine has already
cured five hundred and fifty-eight Soldiers, who (by
the Accounts of our Physicians and Surgeon-Majors)
were afflicted with the most severe and inveterate Dis-
orders, many of which were unconquerable by re-
peated Salivations and other Methods, without our
having lost a single Man; whereas before Mr. Key-
ser's new discovered Remedy, we generally lost near
Half the Number of those, who were treated for this
Disorder by the best Methods then in Use. That we
B 2 caused

caused the strictest and repeated Examinations to be made of all the Cures performed ; and having no other Motive but that of Humanity in the Preservation of Mens Lives, we thought it therefore our Duty to give particular Attention to this Object ; in consequence of which we have supported it with our warmest Protection, &c.

We certify moreover, That, in consideration of the continual Success of this Remedy, examined and acknowledged, it has pleased his Majesty to purchase the Secret, and to grant a Pension of Ten Thousand Livres a Year to Mr. Keyser, which is notorious to all Paris, as also an exclusive Privilege of making and vending his Medicine during his Life : That Mr. Keyser's Remedy is adopted and made use of by Order of the Government in all the Military Hospitals of the Kingdom, from whence we daily receive Letters filled with the greatest Encomiums on its superior Virtues. Mr. Keyser having moreover assured us, that Dr. James Cowper was his only Correspondent in London for the disposing and Administration of his Remedy, We have therefore signed the present Certificate with our own Hand, sealed with the Seal of our Arms, and countersigned by our first Secretary, the 20th of April 1763.

(Signed)

The Marshal of B I R O N,
and lower (by his Grace's Order)

LOCUS SIGILLI.

GONDOT, Secretary.

We CÆSAR GABRIEL DE CHOISEUL, Duc de PRASLIN, Peer of France, General of the King's Armies for the Province of Britany, Minister and Secretary of State for Foreign Affairs, certify to all whom it may concern, That the above Signature is that of the Marshal Duke of Biron, Colonel General of the Regiment of French Guards ; and that all Credit and Belief should be given to the Facts attested by him, either in Courts of Justice or elsewhere. In Testimony of which we have signed the present Certificate, sealed with the Seal of our Arms, at Versailles, the 25th of April 1763.

(Signed)

Duc de P R A S L I N.

LOCUS SIGILLI.

We

We LEWIS JULES BARBON MASARINI MANCINI, Duke of NIVERNOIS and DONJIOIS, Peer of France, Grandee of Spain of the first Class, Noble Venetian, Roman Baron, Prince of the Holy Empire, Knight of the King's Orders, and his Ambassador Extraordinary and Plenipotentiary to the King of Great Britain, certify to all whom it may concern, That the Signatures here above, are those of the Marshal Duke of Biron, Colonel General of the Regiment of French Guards; and of the Duke of Praslin, Knight of the King's Orders, and Minister of State for Foreign Affairs; and that all Credit and Belief should be given to what is here attested, both in Courts of Justice and elsewhere. In Testimony whereof, we have signed the present Certificate with our own Hand, counter signed by our Secretary, and sealed with the Seal of our Arms, at London, in Albemarle Street, the 4th of May 1763.

(Signed)

Duke de N I V E R N O I S.

and lower

(by his Excellency's Command)

LOCUS SIGILLI.

MOREAU, Secretary.

Copy of a Letter from Mr. le Riche, Surgeon-Major to the Hospital of Strasbourg, to the Duke of Choiseul, Minister and Secretary of State, dated 20th of January 1763.

My Lord Duke,

I Think myself indispensably obliged to do myself the Honour to acquaint your Grace, that, since the 22d of November last, I have continued to treat all Venereal Cases in this Hospital, with the Medicine discovered by Mr. Keyser. I am thoroughly satisfied with the Effects produced by this Remedy, as it opens expeditiously, and without the least Violence, the Issues through which the Venereal Virus discharges itself; and that its Effects do presently diminish the Symptoms, and in a certain Space of Time, more or less, according to its Malignity, remove every Appearance of the Disease. These Observations I have made, both

on many that have been cured and sent away, and others that have succeeded them ; among which Number we have had every Species of this *Malady*, and those too characterized in the highest Manner. In the Exercise of my Profession, my Lord Duke, for these Thirty Years past, in this Hospital, where all Venereal Cases have been chiefly treated, I ought to inform your Grace, that I have never met with any Medicine, the Operation of which has been so regular and consistent ; and this beyond a Doubt is a material Circumstance for ascertaining the Certainty and Solidity of its Cures. For we are always anxious to observe the Manner in which a Remedy acts upon any known Malady, and are never so impatient for the Event, as when the Effects do not plainly appear, or are tardy in discovering themselves. This Medicine is the very reverse, and this was with me a considerable Motive for forming sanguine Hopes in its Favour, when I first made use of it in this Hospital, for a Trial of its Virtues. All those who have been cured and sent away, as well as those who will instantly be discharged, have preserved all their Faculties unimpaired ; and it would be impossible for any one, who observes them, to suppose that they had gone through a Course of Physic.

I have the Honour to be,

with the most profound Respect,

My Lord Duke, &c.

(Signed) L E R I C H E.

Copy of a Letter from Mr. Bernier, Surgeon Major of the Military Hospitals of Besancon, to the Duke of Choiseul, Minister and Secretary of State, dated 14th of February 1763.

My Lord Duke,

TH E great Advantages I every Day receive from the Use of Mr. Keyser's Medicine in this Hospital, of which I have the Honour to have the Management, won't permit me to defer any longer making your Grace acquainted with its Success. I am the
more

more zealous to acquit myself of this Obligation, as it cannot but contribute to the Welfare of his Majesty's Subjects, and render of more extensive Use this excellent Remedy, which you, my Lord, have vouchsafed to patronize, from the laudable Motive of being of Service to Mankind. In short, it deserves every Eulogium that can be given, as it has the Virtue not of curing only, but of effecting it in a Manner that is not the least irksome, and without either enervating or disfiguring the Patient, which are Circumstances too often observable from the Use of mercurial Frictions. On the contrary, they all find themselves in perfect Health and Strength, and fit for discharging their respective Duties, immediately on their quitting the Hospital.—I have the Honour to be, with the most profound Respect,

My Lord Duke, &c.

(Signed) BERNIER.

Certificate of the King's First Physician.

WE Counsellor of State, and First Physician to his Majesty, having appointed Mr. PETIT and Mr. CASAMAJOR, Doctors of Physic, to examine the Distempers particularly mentioned in the following Account, and the Method made use of to treat them; declare that an entire Belief ought to be given to the Testimony of these Physicians.

We can moreover assure the Public, from the Knowledge we have of Mr. KEYSER's Remedy, that there is nothing hurtful in it, and that it is different from all those ever before made use of.

Given at Versailles, Jan. 26, 1756.

(Signed) SENAC.

VERBAL

VERBAL PROCESSES, or, A Judicial Examination of the Patients Cases, authenticated by Physicians and Surgeons, with the Certificates of the Cures performed by Mr. KEYSER's Remedy, the Originals of which are deposited in the Hands of the King's First Physician.

C A S E I.

LA FLEUR, a Soldier in the Company of Lautrec, of the Regiment of French Foot-Guards, had a Swelling on his Knee, with a Defluxion of a lymphatic Humour, Pains and Lassitudes in all his Limbs, particularly in his Arms, his Throat inflamed, and a Running which comes on him from Time to Time, of a greenish Colour.

Oct. 22, 1755.

Certificate of the Physicians and Surgeons.

We underwritten certify, that the above-mentioned State of the Patient is conformable to Truth; and that, after we had examined the Patient, and attended the Course of his Cure, performed by Mr. KEYSER, we are of Opinion that he is absolutely cured; wherefore we have signed the present Certificate.——Paris, January 22, 1756.

(Signed) CASAMAJOR, Professor of Physic in the University of Paris.

PETIT, Physician to the Duke of Orleans.

PETIT, jun. Physician in Ordinary to the Duke of Orleans.

MORAND, Surgeon Major to the Royal Hospital of Invalids.

FAGET,
DU FOUAD, } Surgeons-Majors of the
Regiment of French
Foot-Guards.

N. B. Every Patient's Case is authenticated in the Original in the same Manner, with the Names of the above learned Physicians and eminent Surgeons there-to annexed. But as it would be disagreeable to the Reader to have the same Form repeated with each Case, it is presumed that this one Instance will be sufficient.

C A S E II.

VALENTIN, a Soldier in the Company of Lautrec, in the Regiment of French Foot-Guards, after having had Shankers, swelled Testicles from a suppressed Gonorrhœa, and a Phimosis, found himself attacked with Excrescences of the Nature of Shankers about the Anus, and Pains all over his Body, which were most severely felt during the Night; he had venereal Eruptions, which appeared and disappeared from Time to Time: He had never been under any mercurial Course.

Oct. 22, 1755.

N. B. The Certificate of *Valentin's* Cure is signed by the same Physicians and Surgeons as in Case I. as are all the following Cases in the Original.

C A S E III.

FRANCOEUR, a Soldier in the Company of Champignelles, of the Regiment of French Foot-Guards, had been clapped several Times, after which a Shanker came on the Root of the Glans Penis, accompanied with Excrescences and Pustules over his whole Body, particularly on his Forehead, Pains all over his Body, which remained after he had been salivated at Sedan; besides a scorbutic Swelling in his Gums, and the Amygdal Glands swelled.

Oct. 22, 1755.

C A S E IV.

FERNISIEN, a Soldier in the Company of Broc, in the Regiment of French Foot-Guards, had a Shanker on the Extremity of the Glans Penis, which surrounded the whole Orifice of the Urethra, and was accompanied

accompanied with Hardness and a Callosity, which extended to the Præputium, with Pains in all his Limbs. He had this Disease on him two Months, having previously had, two Years before, a Gonorrhœa and Shankers.

Oct. 22, 1755.

C A S E V.

BELVILLE, a Soldier in the Company of Broc, of the Regiment of French Guards, had a Shanker on the Præputium, Pustulæ on his Forehead, and over his whole Body; with wandering Pains in his Back.

Oct. 22, 1755.

C A S E VI.

LE SUEUR, a Soldier in the Company of Cornillon, of the Regiment of French Guards, had a Bubo, after which came two Ulcers in his right Groin, followed by Pains in his Head, Back, and Feet.

Oct. 22, 1755.

C A S E VII.

TRANQUILLE, a Soldier in the Company of Mathan, in the Regiment of French Guards, had a fistulous Shanker, which extended over the Præputium and the Urethra, with a Sort of a Contraction that pressed much on the Glans Penis, with Excrescences called Crissæ Galli, and small suppurating Venereal Warts at the Root of that Part.

Oct. 22, 1755.

C A S E VIII.

CHOMPUIS, a Soldier in the Company of Daubonne, in the Regiment of French Guards, had a Swelling in the Glands of his Right Groin, in which there was a suppurating Sinus (the Consequences of a Bubo) with several Shankers, as well on the Glans as on the Præputium, and Pains in his Head. All these Symptoms remained after he had gone through a Course of Salivation of six Weeks, and came out of it last March.

Oct. 22, 1755.

C A S E IX.

CHOLLET, a Soldier in the Company of Daubonne, of the Regiment of French Guards, had a Gonorrhœa and a Phimosis, arising probably from Shankers on the interior Surface of the Præputium, and upon the Glans Penis ; besides a Defluxion of Humour in his Left Groin, with Pains all over his Body, which deprived him of Sleep, &c.

Oct. 22, 1755.

C A S E X.

LA TENDRESSE, a Soldier in the Company of Tourville, in the Regiment of French Guards, after having had four Buboës, two Phimoses, and eleven Shankers, at different Times, had moreover a Gonorrhœa, that ran copiously during four Years.

Oct. 22, 1755.

March 11, 1756.

A Second Examination by Mess. Faget and Du Fouard, of the said Patients that had undergone the first Course, and three Months after their Cures were performed, in presence of the Major and Serjeant-Majors, &c.

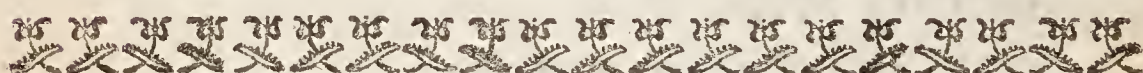
La Fleur,	in the Company of Lautrec,	Cured.
Valentin,	in the Company of Lautrec,	Cured.
Francœur,	in the Com. of Champignelles,	Cured.
Ternefien,	in the Company of Broc,	Cured.
Belville,	in the Company of Broc,	Cured.
Le Sueur,	in the Company of Cornillon,	Cured.
Tranquille,	in the Company of Mathan,	Cured.
Chompuis,	in the Company of Daubonne,	Cured.
Chollet,	in the Company of Daubonne,	Cured.
La Tendresse,	in the Company of Tourville,	Cured.

I do certify that I have interrogated all the above-mentioned Soldiers, who have assured me that they are in perfect Health, and have no Sort of Disorder ; all of them doing their Service, and working at their respective Trades : Wherefore I have signed the present Certificate.

tificate, as did Mess. Desbrousses and De La Garenne, Orderly Serjeants; Mr. Paget Surgeon-Major to the Regiment assuring us, that none of the Venereal Symptoms, which had occasioned the said Patients to put themselves in Mr. Keyser's Hands, did appear again.

Paris, March 11,
1756.

CORNILLON, Major.
DESBROUSSES.
LA GARENNE.



S E C O N D C O U R S E.

State of the Patients of the Second Course, authenticated by Physicians and Surgeons.

C A S E X I.

JAMES MASSON, a Soldier in the Company of Guere, in the Regiment of French Guards, had formerly two Buboes, and four Shankers, and has now several Venereal Warts, and a Gonorrhœa these eighteen Months, which is fallen into the Scrotum, has a Fever, violent Pains all over his Body, Sweats, continual Head-Achs, and Difficulty of Breathing.

Dec. 10, 1755.

C A S E X I I.

CAUMONT, a Soldier in the Company of Bouville, in the Regiment of French Guards, has had several Shankers and Venereal Warts, with a Bubo, and Phimosis. These several Symptoms disappeared; but he has on the Right Side of the Neck a Tumor which suppurates, besides violent Pains in his Back and Knees, which debar him of Sleep. All these Causes of Complaint considered, with the actual Decay the said Soldier is in, are Proofs of a confirmed Pox.

Dec. 10, 1755.

C A S E XIII.

LA TENDRESSE, a Soldier in the Company of Proule Roy, in the Regiment of French Guards, has had two Buboes, which through his Fault were driven into the Mass of Blood, and compelled him to be laid down in a Salivation at the Lock Hospital of Paris, called Petites Maisons, which he left the 25th of last September. During the Course of his Salivation, a great Number of Warty Eruptions appeared on the Glans and Præputium that resisted all Remedies; after which his whole Body swelled. Besides these Venereal Warts, he had acute Pains in his Arms, Legs, and Thighs, with an indolent Swelling in the Left Cheek, and some tetters on his Thighs, that proved the Existence of a real Pox.

Dec. 10, 1755.

C A S E XIV.

LE ROY, a Soldier in the Company of the Colonel, in the Regiment of French Guards, had the whole Surface of his Body covered with very large Pustules, with deep Roots in the Skin, which remained after seven different Salivations; his Teeth being also quite loose. These Blotches began after he had different Venereal Symptoms, such as a Gonorrhœa of three Years standing, about Thirty Shankers, as many Venereal Warts on the Penis, a Phimosis, Cristæ Galli, and Buboes; all which prove he had a confirmed Pox, and one of the most inveterate Kind.

Dec. 10, 1755.

C A S E XV.

LA LIBERTÉ, a Soldier in the French Guards, in the Company of La Sone, had during the Space of Four Months a Bubo, which disappeared without coming to Suppuration. He has now Pustules that discharge a Matter over the whole Extent of the Scrotum and Penis. They extended to the Perinæum, and the whole Circumference of the Anus: besides, he had several Tumors of the Glands round his Neck, parti-

cularly a considerable one on the Os Hyoides, which spread itself on the Left Side. His Breath was intolerable, his Gums inflamed and livid, which demonstrated a confirmed Pox.

Dec. 22, 1755.

C A S E XVI.

BEAUGER, a Soldier in the Company of Broc, in the Regiment of French Guards, had a Miliary tetters on the superior and interior Part of the Thighs, and a Gonorrhœa on him of Six Months standing. A Pox of this Kind is manifested by violent Pains in the Arms, Legs, and Loins; they prevent the Patient's having any Sleep.

Dec. 10, 1755.

C A S E XVII.

COMTOIS, a Soldier in the Company of Rochegude, in the Regiment of French Guards, had formerly a Gonorrhœa, four Buboës one succeeding another, two of which were badly cured by the Operation, and the other two by dissolving Medicines, besides Shankers badly treated. He hath acquired since another Gonorrhœa that has run nine Months, accompanied with hard and excoriated Cristæ Galli about the Anus, and continual Pains in all his Limbs, that prove the Existence of a real Pox.

Dec. 10, 1755.

C A S E XVIII.

LEGER, a Soldier in the Company of Champignelles, in the Regiment of French Guards, had a suppurating Bubo with Shankers on the Glans Penis; and a Gonorrhœa for nine Months.

Dec. 10, 1755.

C A S E XIX.

LA VILLE, a Soldier in the Company of Rochegude, in the Regiment of French Guards, has had a Gonorrhœa, Shankers on the Glands, tetters Blotches all over the Body, which in certain Places penetrate deep

into the Skin : besides, he has a Warty Excrecence which surrounds the Anus, and gives issue to a ferous and greenish Matter : Moreover, he has several small Ulcerations in the Roof of his Mouth.

Dec. 15, 1755.

C A S E XX.

BOURGUINON, a Soldier in the Company of Poudeux, in the Regiment of French Guards, had a Phimosis and a Gonorrhœa : it being judged necessary to perform the Operation of the Phimosis first of all, a considerable Shanker was discovered upon the internal Surface of the Præputium.

Dec. 11, 1755.

Second Examination of the ten Patients of the second Course, by Mr. Faget and Du Fouard, in Presence of the Major.

James Masson,	in the Company of Guere,	Cured.
Caumont,	in the Company of Bouville,	Cured.
La Tendresse,	in the Company of Proule Roy,	Cured.
Le Roy,	in the Company of the Colonel,	Cured.
La Liberté,	in the Company of La Sone,	Cured.
Beauger,	in the Company of Broc,	Cured.
Comtois,	in the Company of Rochegude,	Cured.
Leger,	in the Comp of Champignelles,	Cured.
La Ville,	in the Company of Rochegude,	Cured.
Bourguinon,	in the Company of Poudeux,	Cured.

We underwritten Surgeon-Majors of the Regiment of French Guards, certify, that the above Account of the Cures performed by Mr. Keyser is true.

Paris, March 18, (Signed) FAGET.

1756.

DU FOUARD.

I certify that Mess. Faget and Du Fouard have examined the above mentioned Patients at my House.

April 1, 1756.

CORNILLON.

State of the Patients Cured by Mr KEYSER in the Barracks.

C A S E XXI.

LA VIGNE, a Soldier in the Company of Mathan, has declared that he had a Gonorrhœa fifteen Months ago, which fell into his Testicles, one of which has remained very much swelled and hard, not yielding to several Remedies that have been employed to reduce it. He has been perfectly cured on the 22d of October, after he had taken Mr. Keyser's Medicine for the Space of three Weeks. Wherefore we have given this present Certificate.

Paris, April 1,
1756.

(Signed) FAGET.
DU FOUARD.

C A S E XXII.

DU CHATEAU, a Soldier in the Company of La Sone, had a Gonorrhœa and a Bubo, notwithstanding he had been salivated at the Lock Hospital called Petites Maisons, whence he departed still spitting, which he continued to do; he has since had a Gonorrhœa, besides seven Shankers, which have been neglected, and finally a confirmed Pox : of which he was perfectly cured on the 26th of November 1755, after a Month taking Mr. Keyser's Anti-Venereal Sugar-Plumbs. Wherefore we have given the present Certificate.

Paris, April 1,
1756.

(Signed) FAGET,
DU FOUARD.

C A S E XXIII.

LA PLUME, a Soldier in the Company of Lautrec, had a Bubo, which tended to a Suppuration, with a Shanker on the Froenum of the Penis, true Symptoms of a Pox. He was entirely cured on the 30th of December 1755, after using Mr. Keyser's Remedy one Month; wherefore we have given the present Certificate.

Paris, April 1,
1756.

(Signed) FAGET.
DU FOUARD.

C A S E XXIV.

LE BONTÉ, a Soldier in the Company of Apremont, had a Gonorrhœa on him for Eight Months, with Pains in his Head, Arms, and Legs, which proved him to be poxed. He was perfectly cured after he had made use of Mr. Keyser's Remedy during one Month; wherefore we have given the present Certificate.

Paris, April 1, 1756. (Signed) FAGET.

DU FOUARD.

C A S E XXV.

LEGER, a Soldier in the Company of Mathan, had several Shankers on the Glans Penis. He was radically cured the 19th of January 1756, by taking Mr. Keyser's Pills, which he took only for a Fortnight; wherefore we have given the present Certificate.

Paris, April 1, 1756. (Signed) FAGET.

DU FOUARD.

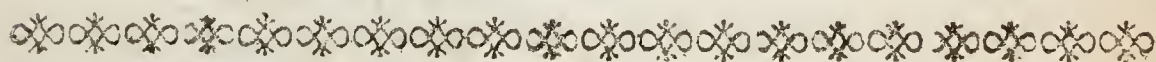
A Second Examination of the five Patients who were cured in the Barracks in the Presence of the Major.

La Vigne,	in the Company of Mathan,	Cured.
Du Chateau,	in the Company of La Sone,	Cured.
La Plume,	in the Company of Lautrec,	Cured.
La Bonté,	in the Company of Apremont,	Cured.
Leger,	in the Company of Mathan,	Cured.

I do certify that Mess. Faget and Du Fouard have examined the above-mentioned Patients at my House.

April 1, 1756.

CORNILLON.



An Account of the Cures of some particular Persons, who have given Leave to Mr. KEYSER to publish their Cases, authenticated by eminent Physicians and Surgeons.

C A S E XXVI.

Mr. VERKEN, a Valet de Chambre to the Marquis of Perrenai, was afflicted with a Palsy all over his Left

Side, extended to half of his Head, the Tongue as well as the Arm, Thigh, and Leg, of the same Side. He complained of a most violent Pain in his Head, which neither Bleeding nor Vomits could relieve. The Patient was in this Condition when Mr. Casamajor, Doctor of Physic, Professor of the Faculty at Paris, and Mr. Guerin, Surgeon Major of the Mousquetaires, were called upon to hold a Consultation; who, after they had examined the State of the Case, and attended to the Symptoms which had preceded, and those that accompanied his Disease, were of Opinion that the Patient was poxed; and advised him to go into a Mercurial Course, not in a common Way, by a Salivation, but by the particular Preparation of Mercury found out by Mr. Keyser; in Consequence of which the said Mr. Keyser was sent for, and saw the Patient, on the Ninth of December 1755, and gave him his Remedy. Mess. Petit, Sen. and Petit, Jun. Doctors of Physic, with the above-mentioned Physicians and Surgeons, were Eye-Witnesses of the Cure.

Certificate of the Physicians and Surgeons.

We underwritten certify, that the above-mentioned State of the Patient's Case is conformable to Truth; and that after we had examined the said Mr. Verken, and followed the Course of his Cure, performed by Mr. Keyser, we have judged him to be perfectly cured, January the 15th, 1756; wherefore we have signed the present Certificate.

(Signed) Doctors, CASAMAJOR, M. D.
 PETIT, Sen.
 PETIT, Jun.
Surgeons, GUERIN.
 DIEUZADE.

CASE XXVII.

We underwritten certify, that we have examined Robert Le Roy, furnamed Le Grandeur, a Soldier, belonging to the Company of Mr. De Cetrieux; he had an Opthelmy, which did not allow him to bear the least Light. All his Body was covered with Pustules,

some of which were of a livid Colour, and of a Shankerous Nature. There is room to believe that those Pustules and Opthalmy owed their Cause to a Venereal Infection, complicated with a scorbutic Disorder.

This Patient had actually a slow Fever on him, was extremely weak and exhausted, had been lately sent out of the Hotel-Dieu, or Grand Hospital, where he was one Month; after which the Surgeon-Major of the said Hospital turned him out to seek for a Cure elsewhere, judging his Case to be Venereal; for which Disease we were of Opinion that Mr. Keyser's Pills are preferable to any other Remedy.

His Cure has been attested by the following Physicians and Surgeons, viz.

CASAMAJOR, M. D.

PETIT, Sen. M. D.

PETIT, Jun. M. D.

BOURBELEN, M. D.

And by particular Certificates,

LA VIROTTE, } Surgeons.
GARENGEOT, }

C A S E XXVIII.

I underwritten, Surgeon-Major of the Black Mousquetaries, certify, that Mr. Keyser shewed me a Woman, who had a Venereal Ulcer in the Rectum, with a considerable Running; and that in two Months after I found the above Woman cured.

Paris, March 30, 1756. (Signed) GUERIN,

C A S E XXIX.

We underwritten, Professors and Doctors of Physic of the University of Paris, certify, that we have examined Mr. Chauvin, Confectioner to Mons. De Paulmy d'Argenson, who was afflicted with a slow Fever, and quite emaciated, having the Bones of his Right Thigh and both Knees exposed, both his Legs being in a State of Atrophy, particularly the Right one. He was, moreover, so lean and exhausted, that he was obliged to lie in Bed, it being impossible for him to walk. We were of Opinion, that all the dire Effects

of

of this Disease, and the deplorable State to which the Patient was reduced, were owing to a virulent Infection, not conquered, though the Patient had been salivated in Form two different Times, and had taken several other Anti-Venereal Medicines without Success; wherefore he had still the Distemper on him, truly characterized and confirmed; which we did not think curable by the Mercurial Preparations of common Practice, and therefore have given the present Certificate, at Paris, December 19, 1755.

(Signed) CASAMAJOR.
 PETIT, Sen.
 PETIT, Jun.
 DE SAISY.

The above four Gentlemen have given a Certificate in form of Mr. Chauvin's being perfectly cured by Mr. Keyser, under their Inspection, on February the Fourth, 1756; and in a second Examination of the Patient's State, March the Fourth, they declare they found no Marks of the Distemper remaining; and therefore judged him perfectly cured.

A Note of the Marquis of PAULMY to
 Mr. KEYSER.

I pray Mr. Keyser will take under his Care Mr. Chauvin, who is in my Service; his Disease is a confirmed Pox, and of a very bad Complexion. If he can cure him, it will do him Honour, and confirm the Public's Opinion of the Efficacy of his Medicine.

Paris, Dec. 17,

1755,

R. DE VOYER DE PAULMY.

I underwritten certify, that having been consumed with a slow Fever, for eight Months past, the Bones of my Right Thigh, and both Knees being swelled, my Legs very painful; being besides inexpressibly lean and exhausted, I was obliged to keep my Bed, it not being in my Power to walk. In this deplorable Condition, after having been twice salivated with all possible Care, and gone repeatedly through a Number of Mercurial Frictions,

Fictions, not to mention local Fumigations, &c. I was given over by the Faculty. I then had Recourse to Mr. Keyser, by my Lord Marquis of Paulmy D'Argenson's Orders. Mr. Keyser made me take the first Dose of his Pills the 19th of December 1755; the 26th of the same Month I had the Satisfaction of being able to walk in my Room, and all the Symptoms were proportionably diminished. On the Fourth of February 1756, I found myself happily delivered from all my Complaints, by the sole Use of the above Medicine of Mr. Keyser; and have ever since enjoyed a most perfect State of Health: Wherefore I have signed the present Certificate.

Sept. 26, 1756.

(Signed) CHAUVIN.

I humbly beg my Lord Marquis of Paulmy will vouchsafe to witness the Truth of my Certificate, having nothing so much at Heart, as to make a public Acknowledgment of the Obligations I am under to Mrs. KEYSER, to whom, under God, I owe my Life.

(Signed) CHAUVIN.

Certificate of the Marquis of PAULMY.

I ought, in favour of Truth, to certify the above-mentioned Facts to be true, of which I had a full Knowledge, Mr. Chauvin being in my Service.

(Signed) R. DE PAULMY.

C A S E XXX.

A Man called Beausejour, was cured of a confirmed Pox, as it appears by the Certificate of the Marquis of Gamaches, his Colonel.

I underwritten certify, that Mr. KEYSER has cured Beausejour, a Trooper in my Regiment, of a confirmed Venereal Case, which was declared to be such; and that the said Beausejour suffers no longer any one of the violent Pains with which he had been afflicted; wherefore I have signed the present Certificate.

Paris, March 30,
1756.

(Signed)
The Marquis DE GAMACHES.

A Certificate of the Marshal Duke of RICHELIEU.

We certify, that Comtois and Cetilly, Bearers of the present Billet, are both our Servants, to whom the Duke of Biron had granted Leave to be received and cured of their Distempers, with the French Guards, in the House established for that Purpose.

Paris, Feb. 17, (Signed)

1756. The Marshal Duke DE RICHELIEU.

Case of the Servants belonging to the Duke
DE RICHELIEU.

C A S E XXXI.

The first, named Comtois, had Pustules on several Parts of the Body, a sore Throat, and some Excrescences about the Anus.

C A S E XXXII.

The second, named Cetilly, had a Bubo in his Left Groin, and such violent Pains in all his Limbs, that he could hardly stand.

Certificate of Mr. CHAUMONT.

I underwritten, Surgeon to the Marshal Duke De Richelieu, certify, that Comtois and Cetilly, were Servants belonging to the Marshal, one of whom had Pustules on several Parts of his Body, occasioned by a Venereal Infection; the other, from the same Cause, had the Glands of both Groins, particularly those on the Left Side, swelled and hardened; with Pains in all his Limbs; those which he felt in his Back and Thighs were so violent, that he could hardly stand. They presented themselves the 18th of last February to Mr. KEYSER, in order to be treated after his Method. They were dismissed by him the Second of this Month, all Symptoms having disappeared, and I look on them as cured.

Paris, April 4, 1756.

(Signed) CHAUMONT.

We underwritten certify, that we have carefully attended the Treatment of the above Patients, and pronounced them thoroughly cured.

Paris, April 4, 1756. (Signed) BOURBELEN.
GAYRAUD.

Certificate of Mr. GARENGEOT, an eminent Surgeon at Paris, of the Cures performed on Gobbert, La Grandeur, and Aubré.

I underwritten certify, that, according to the Duke of Biron, and the Count De Guerchy's Orders, I went the 14th of last February to the Barriere of St. James, in the House established for Mr. KEYSER, in order to examine several People there afflicted with the Venereal Disease, in order to give an Account of the Effects of a Mercurial Medicine which was there employed.

That the first of those Patients, called Simon Gobbert, a Soldier belonging to the King's Regiment of Foot, had his Left Testicle swelled as big as one's Fist, and as hard as a Flint, occasioned by a Gonorrhœa, that had been preposterously suppressed.

That the second, called La Grandeur, a Soldier belonging to the French Guards, was covered all over from Head to Foot with Pustules and Ulcers, from which ran a greenish purulent Matter; so that it was not possible to put a Shilling on any Part of his Body without covering several Blotches. One of them on his Forehead was as large as Half a Crown, which had already eat through the Skin, the frontal Muscle, and the Pericranium.

The third Person, whose name was Aubré, a Servant of Mr. Castella's, had been twice salivated for Shankers and Buboës, which he had laboured under for some Time before; was afterwards troubled with Venereal Eruptions on his Body and Face, a continual Want of Sleep, and violent Pains in his Limbs.

That having five or six Times visited the said Patients, during the Course of the Remedy's being administered to them, I observed every Time great Progress making towards their Cure, and that at my last Visit, the 23d of March, the Soldier belonging to the King's Regiment had his Testicle softened, and quite reduced

reduced to its natural State ; and that the Person called La Grandeur, had not only been perfectly cured, but was able to go out eight Days before. From Mr. Castella's Servant all his Venereal Symptoms vanished, when he had but gone through half of the Doses proposed for his Cure.

(Signed) CROISSANT DE GARENGEOT,
Royal Professor, Demonstrator, and Member of the Academy of Paris, and Fellow of the Royal Society of London.

Paris, March 28,
1756.

The Certificate Mr. GAYRAUD, Surgeon to the Abbot DE BROGLIO.

I underwritten certify, that I have seen and followed daily, without Interruption, the Patients under the Care of Mr. KEYSER, that I have attended the Administration of his Remedy, that I have dressed some of his Patients who wanted my Assistance, and that I have seen the Patients cured without the least Accident whatsoever having happened. I certify moreover, that I have myself made Use of the said Medicine, with which I have cured three of my own Patients, viz. one Man and two Women; wherefore, in favour of the Truth, I have signed the present Certificate.

Paris, April 2,
1756.

(Signed) GAYRAUD.

The Certificate of the Serjeant who had been appointed to watch over all the Patients, while their Cures were performed, and who never quitted his Station, during the Courses they went through.

I underwritten, Serjeant belonging to the Regiment of French Guards, having been appointed by the Marshal Duke of Biron, my Colonel, to watch over the Conduct of twenty Soldiers of our Regiment afflicted with the Venereal Disease, during the Time of their taking of Mr. KEYSER's Medicine; certify, that the
above

above Soldiers (who have been cured) lived upon Soup and Meat as usual, and exercised themselves by walking during that Time, in the Court yards and Gardens, &c.

Paris, April 2,

1756.

(Signed) S. MARTIN.

Certificates of several Gentlemen of the Faculty, and of several illustrious Personages, who have been Witnesses of the Cures performed by Mr. KEYSER'S Remedy.

James P—— Twenty-eight Years old, had in February 1750 a Gonorrhœa; and a Shanker situated on the superior and internal Side of the Præputium; two Months after Venereal Pustules made their Appearance on different Parts of his Body, which determined the Patient to be laid down in a Salivation at Turin. The disappearing of the Symptoms after this Course, made him believe himself cured. But scarcely had three Months elapsed, when two large Pustules appeared on his Face, accompanied with Pains in different Parts of his Body. He was reduced to such Weakness, and to so disagreeable a Situation, that he resolved to go through the above Course again, which he did twice, viz. in the Year 1751 and 1752; but the Patient being dissatisfied, as he had just Cause to be, from not having received the Benefit he had expected from the above-mentioned Courses, and the more so, as Pustules broke out on his Head. His Nose became so straitened, that he was obliged to keep his Mouth open for the Sake of breathing. He therefore determined to go to Montpellier, in quest of more powerful Specifics, and there put himself under the Care of Mr. M——, with whom he has been six Months, during which Time he was bathed forty Times, and received Mercurial Frictions alternatively, for the Space of Fifty Days. It is to be observed that he never spit in this Process.

During the Time he remained at Montpellier, the Pain he suffered was so unabating, that he could not sleep without the Help of Opium. His Nose was not only swollen, but also become red, and covered with

Pimples; the anterior Part of his Left Arm waxed painful with a Beginning Exostosis, or Tumour of the Bone called Radius.

All the above Courses of Medicines, which the Patient had gone through, only contributed to make fresh Symptoms appear. He was therefore determined to set out for Paris, and repaired to Mr. P——'s House directly on his Arrival there, where he underwent a Preparation for a fresh Trial of Medicines, which lasted Forty Days. Twenty-three Bathings made Part of this Preparation; after which he received the like Number of Mercurial Frictions, without their being able to produce the least Salivation. But in the Spring of the Year 1755 all the Venereal Symtoms re-appeared; and moreover an Exostosis of an oval Form on the interior Right Side of the Coronal, four Fingers breadth in Length, two in Width, and one in Heighth. Another Exostosis appeared like the foregoing, and equal to it in all its Dimensions, on the superior Part of the Left Parietal. Besides ten Fingers Breadth of the middle Part of the Left Tibia was exostosed in such a Manner, as to produce an Eminence of eight or ten Fingers breadth in Length.

It were needless to mention other Courses this Patient went through under the Care of different Surgeons, of which Number was Mr. M——, who had had him in his Hands two Months; after which Period, all the above-mentioned Symptoms became more formidable.

Paris, May 30, (Signed)

1756.

CROISSANT DE GARANGEOT.

Certificate of the Physicians and Surgeons.

We underwritten, Sworn Surgeons of Paris, certify, that the above-mentioned Account is conformable to Truth, and has been taken in our Presence.

(Signed)

MARLOT,

RESLAUZE,

LORNAY,

} Surgeon to his Serene Highness
the Prince of Conti.

We underwritten, Doctors of Physic, and Physician in ordinary to his most Serene Highness the Duke of Orleans,

Orleans, certify, that we have seen the above-mentioned Patient, whose deplorable Condition cannot be too much set forth, on Account of the Multiplicity of Symptoms, under which the Patient had suffered for so long a Time, notwithstanding the different Courses of Medicines he had gone through, &c. wherefore we have signed the present Certificate.

(Signed) SAISY, M. D.

Paris, June 9.

PETIT, Physician in Ordinary to his most Serene Highness the Duke of Orleans.

The Gonorrhœa of the above-mentioned Patient, James P. stopped of itself, without his taking any kind of Physic, and never appeared any more. Some of those who had the Care of this Patient, did all they could to procure a Salivation. He took at Turin double the Doses which procure it to others, as he himself has declared.

A purulent Matter, and Blood, had flowed from his Nose for a long Time. The Exostoses were extremely painful. The Patient had besides a Fever, which for five or six Days past has been accompanied with shivering Fits every Day. There were some Practitioners who judged that the Patient's Case was Scorbutical, and gave him, in vain, anti-scorbutic Medicines; all which we assert to be true, and think it ought to be added to the above Relation of the Patient's Case, this 30th of May 1756.

(Signed)

BORDEU, Doctor Regent of the Faculty of Paris.

GUERIN.

MARLOT.

All the above Physicians and Surgeons have seen the Patient, James P. radically cured, as likewise Mr. Garangeot, whose Certificate follows.

Certificate of Mr. Garangeot, A. M. one of the Forty Counsellors of the Royal Academy of Surgery ; of the Royal Society of London, Royal Professor and Demonstrator, Antient Counsellor and Surgeon Ordinary to his Majesty for the Chatelet of Paris, and Surgeon Major to his Majesty's Regiment of Foot.

On the 28th Day of March last I gave, by Desire of the Duke of Biron, and the Count de Guerchy, Lieutenants General, &c. a Certificate relating to the Cures of the Venereal Disease, performed on several Persons by Mr. KEYSER.

In consequence of a second Order from the same Noblemen, I visited, on the 30th of May of the present Year, and drew up immediately a concise Narrative of a Venereal Case that Mr. James P. had been afflicted with for three Years past ; who notwithstanding he had gone through in that Space of Time seven different Courses of Mercurial Frictions, which were administered and conducted by Surgeons of Reputation, yet still had such formidable Symptoms, that I despaired of his being curable. Five Months after this, being returned from the Camp at St. Valery, the said Patient was shewed to me, walking about and following his Business, which he had been able to do for ten Weeks before. Having the Narrative of his Case by me, which I had drawn as above related, it directed me to examine the Places of his Body where I had remarked the principal Injuries had been occasioned by the Disease, which I did most scrupulously. I must honestly own, I found all the Parts so perfectly healed, that it must be allowed that Mr. Keyser's Medicine surpasses the Method of treating by Frictions, and that it would be advantageous for the Progress of the Art of Surgery, and for the Public Good, that this Remedy were known to the Gentlemen of the Faculty.

Paris, Oct. 31,
1756.

(Signed)
CROISSANT DE GARANGEOT.

The Case of Mrs. NOIREAU.

This Woman, forty-six Years old, was attacked with a Pustule, of the Size of a large Pea, on the Middle of the left Side of her Nose, with Redness of the Part, but devoid of Pain. Several more Pustules, from the inferior Part of the Occipital, extended towards the Nape of her Neck, were of different Sizes, and of a scabby Kind: another flat scabby Pustule appeared on the superior Part of the Sternum. She felt Pains in her Legs and Arms, which were most acute in the Night. Two flatulent Tumours, of the Bigness of Pullets Eggs, were situated on the inferior and external Part of each Thigh. A flat hard Tumour, of a dusky red Colour, spread almost all over the left Leg, posteriorly and anteriorly, to the inferior Part of the Tibia. On this Tumour there were two remarkable Ulcers, of the Depth of three Lines at least, of the Length of Half an Inch, and of the Breadth of four Lines; from the Centre of which Ulcers an ichorous Matter oozed. Besides, on the Joint of her Left Arm, on the external Part near the Median, was a Cluster of Pustules, of the Height of a Line and a Half, of a livid Colour, of which some were as large as a Shilling, and others lesser.

The said Mrs. Noireau has declared to us, that when she was forty Years old, she had been afflicted with two Ulcers in her private Parts, accompanied with a Scalding and a Running, which disappeared at the End of two Months, by the Use of different Medicines which she had taken; that at the End of two Years she had a kind of tetters Eruption on the right Hip, which went off by the Use of some local Medicines; that afterwards she had a Defluction, which, after several Returns, settled on her right Eye, whereby she lost the Use of it. We remarked an Opacity in the Cristaline, and a Cicatrix in the Iris of it, which last was without Motion. This confirmed us in our Opinion, that the Sight of that Eye was irrecoverably lost. She farther declared, that after this Accident, all the above-mentioned Symptoms re-appeared, and have continued without Intermission for these two Years past.

Certificate of Physicians and Surgeons.

We underwritten Doctors of Physic, and sworn Surgeons of Paris, certify the above Case of Mrs. Noireau to be true.

(Signed by the following Doctors of Physic and Surgeons)

CASA MAJOR,

MARLOT,

DUSONARD,

DE SAISY,

PETIT,

GUERIN,

LORNAY, Surgeon to his Serene Highness the Princess of CONTI.

I have visited the above mentioned Woman, whose Case is here related, and have observed that all the Symptoms were visibly diminished. There are even several of them vanished; and there is room to believe that the Cure will be compleat, after she has gone through the whole Course of Mr. Keyser's Remedy, which she has been taking for some Time past.

July 23, (Signed)

1756.

BORDEU.

We certify, that all the Symptoms above related, of Mrs. Noireau's Distemper, are entirely vanished, that the Cicatrices of the Parts, that were ulcerated, appear sound and of a good Quality, &c.

Paris, this 9th Day of August, 1756.

(Signed)

BORDEU,

GUERIN,

MARLOT, &c.

The above Patient was recommended to the Care of Mr. Keyser by Monsieur DUBOIS, President of the Parliament, who was an Eye Witness of her Cure.

Certificate of his Grace the Duke of LAURAGUAIS.

A Patient who was presented to Mr. Keyser by the Duke de Lauraguais, having twice been salivated without Success, had a deep Ulcer on the middle Part of the Coronal, a crusty shankerous Pustule which occupied the whole Extent of the Temporal Muscle; his Chin and all the lower Jaw were full of Pustules; he had an Ulcer in one of his Legs. This was his Condition when Mr. Keyser undertook him. He accomplished the Cure, to my Knowledge, in the Space of two Months. For six Months past he has been in a perfect State of Health: Wherefore I have signed the present Certificate the first Day of December, 1756.

(Signed)

DUC DE LAURAGUAIS.

A Case authenticated by the under-mentioned Doctors of Physic and Surgeons.

Mr. *** forty Years old, after having gone through three different Courses of Salivation, and other mercurial Courses, since the Year 1738, from all which he had not received the least Benefit, since the Disease and the Symptoms kept encreasing till this present Day, the 28th of September 1756, to that Degree, that he has at this present Time the Venereal Disease in its most malignant and confirmed State; having, first, the Bones of his Palate carious or rotten, the Larynx and Pharynx, with the Amygdaline Glands, and a Part of his Tongue destroyed, the Uvula likewise destroyed, and an Ulcer which penetrates as far as the Vertebra of the Neck. A Shanker of a carcinomatous Kind, preys on the right Ala of the Nose, extends up the Nostrils, and communicates with the Ulcer of the Palate. An Exfoliation carries away the anterior Part of the Bone of the Nose, called the Vomer, with others contiguous. The cartilaginous Division of the Nose is almost destroyed. The external Surface of the Nose is inflamed. The Parts are so weakened and consumed, that all the Aliments, whether

ther solid or liquid, come out at the Nose. Deglutition, or the Action of swallowing Food, cannot be performed but by the Help of a Tube, the End of which is formed to enter the Orifice of the Oesophagus or Gullet. Besides, the Patient is troubled with a continual Ptyalism, Spitting, or rather Slavering. In short, he is in a most deplorable Condition, a confirmed Marasmus, or Decay. Such was the Case of this Patient when Mr. Keyser was called upon. He has completely cured him, to the Knowledge of the following Gentlemen of the Faculty of Paris, viz. Dr. ASTRUC, Dr. BOYER, Dr. BORDEU, Dr. PETIT, Dr. CASAMAJOR; and GUERIN, COFFINIC, FOUBERT, &c. Surgeons.

C E R T I F I C A T

De Monsieur GARANGEOT:

L'on n'a encore vu dans les répliques de Mr. Keyser à ses adversaires, que deux de mes Certificats sous l'autorité de deux Seigneurs, qui exigeoient que je suivisse ce Praticien dans le traitement d'un nombre déterminé de ses Malades, et que je leur en rendisse compte, suivant la probité qu'ils me connoissoient: J'atteste de plus aujourd'hui, que ce Chirurgien m'ayant reconnu versé dans le genre de Maladie qui l'occupe, m'a confié de son remède, me trouvant ensuite dans une position où je ne pouvois traiter trois Officiers par la Méthode ordinaire. Je me suis servi avec succès du dit remède, quoique ces Militaires fussent assujettis à passer toute une Campagne dans des plaines, à n'avoir d'autre domicile que leur tente, aux Exercices de leur Etat, qui consistent à monter de tems à autre des Gardes, à coucher souvent au bivouac, à des marches tres frequentes, à un Regime peu convenable, &c. Je donne moins ces trois exemples pour modele, que pour faire connoître aux personnes en état d'observer un certain regime, d'être à portée d'une administration judicieuse & journalière du remède, et des accessoires qui sont quelquefois d'une nécessité absolue, quelles se trouveront guéries sans s'être absentes de

de leurs exercices que l'on suppose modérés; et sans qu'on se soit apperçu de leur incommodité; avantage très-grand pour plusieurs. Fait à Paris le 17 Mars 1758.

(Signé)

CROISSANT DE GARANGEOT.

A Translation of Monsieur GARANGEOT's Certificate,
a celebrated Surgeon of Paris.

In the Replies which Mr. KEYSER hath hitherto made to his Adversaries, only two Certificates of mine have appeared, thereto authorised by two illustrious Noblemen, in Compliance with whose Injunction I had carefully inspected this new Practice in the Curing of the Venereal Disease on a stipulated Number of Patients, they relying on my Probity to give them a faithful and true Narrative of what should be transacted.

I now farther certify, that Mr. KEYSER, knowing me to be well versed in the Malady, which is the principal Object of his Attention, communicated some of his Medicine to me, that I might try its Efficacy upon three Officers, who were so circumstanced by their Duty as not to be able to go through a Treatment in the common Method.

This Medicine produced the desired Effect, though they were obliged to undergo the Service of a whole Campaign, having all the Time no warmer Apartments than their Tents, and mostly on open Plains. They did not shrink from any of the ruder Exercises, to which their Profession exposed them, such as mounting Guard in their Turn, making frequent Marches, or passing whole Nights under Arms to prevent Surprizes. In all which Circumstances their Accommodations were far from eligible; yet notwithstanding all such Inconveniencies they are perfectly cured.

The Motive of my Certificate, relative to these three Officers, is not so much to blazon them out as shining Instances of the wonderful Efficacy of Mr. KEYSER's Medicine, as to encourage other Persons (whose Situation permits them to observe a proper Regimen, and who, besides,

besides, are within the Reach of daily and judicious Direction about taking the Remedy, and whatever Accessories particular Circumstances may demand) to confidently hope a Cure hereby, without being obliged to decline the necessary Exercise annexed to their Professions, provided it be not of too violent a Nature. Moreover, it will not be in any Person's Power about them to suspect their Situation; an Article of the highest Consequence to many.

At Paris, March 17, (Signed)

1758.

CROISSANT DE GARANGEOT.

* * We have thought proper to give the original French of this Certificate, as being a very essential one.

The Case of two Patients who were treated at Toulouse, with Mr. KEYSER's Pills, authenticated by Mess. SIERE and LAPUJADE, Sworn Surgeons of that City.

We Masters in Surgery, of the City of Toulouse, certify, that Mr. Laborie, Surgeon of the said City, has treated two Patients of this Place, viz. a Man and his Wife, with Mr. Keyser's Antivenereal Pills, under our Inspection and in our Presence. The above two Patients had gone through four different Courses of Salivation, besides having taken several other mercurial Medicines without Success; for they had still several Symptoms of the Venereal Distemper. Amongst which were nocturnal Pains in all their Limbs, some Venereal Excrescences about the Parts of Generation, and a Venereal Ulcer in the Throat, which had constantly resisted the Power of all former Medicines. We now certify with Pleasure, that all the above Symptoms yielded in a very short Time to Mr. Keyser's Antivenereal Pills; during the Use of which the said two Patients felt no Inconvenience, but followed their daily Occupations, and they both appear to us to be perfectly cured.

At Toulouse, this 2d Day of (Signed)

March, 1757.

LAPUJADE and SIERE.

We underwritten Capitouls, Governors of the City of Toulouse, Chiefs of the Nobles, Judges of Causes Civil,

Civil, Criminal, and of the Police of the said City and its District, certify to all who these Presents shall see, that the Signing of Mess. Lapujade and Siere, Sworn Surgeons of this City, on the opposite Part of this Certificate, is true, and that all Faith ought to be given hereunto. In Testimony whereof we have signed the present Certificate, and caused it to be signed by our Secretary and Town Clerk, with the Seal of the said City annexed. At Toulouse, the 22d of March, 1751.

(Signed)

PAGES, } Capitoules.
DESUTTES, }

FOURNIER, Capitoule Chief of the Consistory.

A Letter from Mr. DUPONT, Royal Demonstrator of Surgery at Rennes in Brittany, to Mr. KEYSER.

Sir,

It is with the greatest Pleasure that I have it in my Power to attest the Efficacy of your Medicine, for the Cure of the Venereal Disease. When you were so good as to propose to me your Correspondence, I observed to you in my Answer, that I could not accept of it, without being first convinced, by my own Experience, of the Superiority of your Remedy. To this Proposition you agreed. Three Patients, of the Parish of Mor-delles, soon presented themselves, in a State of the Disease worthy of Compassion; to wit, a Husband, Wife, and Child; all three infected from a Nursling this Woman had given Suck to about a Year before. The Husband, whose Name was Peter Coilau, had all his Body covered with Pustules; the Wife, whose Maiden Name was Jeane Rocher, had (besides Pustules) Condylomata, several Shankers in the Private Parts, and an Ulcer in the Palate of her Mouth; the Child had also Pustules and Shankers.

I began to administer to them your Remedy on the second of January; at the End of that Month all the Symptoms disappeared. The Wife, who before could never get a Wink of Sleep, now sleeps soundly. I notwithstanding continued them in the Use of the Medicines till the End of February, at which Time they returned

returned home, with a far other Complexion of Health than that which they had brought with them to Rennes. During the Course of the Medicine they lived on common Diet, and no kind of Accident intervened; they went out frequently about their Business, notwithstanding the Severity of the Season, and the Inconveniency of the Place where they were lodged, being at the Tower of Touffaint, which was laid under Water three Times during the Time they were taking the Remedy.

This extraordinary Success having dissipated all my Doubts, I accept with Pleasure the Offer you have made me, and I pray you to be assured of my sincere Acknowledgment, and of the Obligation I shall always look on myself to be under.

(Signed)

DUPONT, Royal Demonstrator of Surgery.

The State of the three above-mentioned Patients authenticated, by a Certificate of their Cure.

I underwritten, Doctor of Physic, associated to the College of Rennes, certify to have examined Peter Coilau, about forty Years of Age, Jeane Rocher his Wife, about thirty five, their Child about three Years old, all three being attacked with the Venereal Distemper. The Husband had Pustules on his Thighs and about the Anus; the Wife Condylomata about the Anus, and Ulcers in the Palate of her Mouth; the Child had Pustules on the Thighs and the rest of its Body; they have all three been treated with Mr. Keyser's Antivenereal Remedy, by Mr. du Pont, Master Surgeon at Rennes. After the usual Preparation through which he had passed them, they began to take the Medicine on the second of January 1758. I visited them again two Months after, and found them delivered from all the Symptoms of the Disease, and enjoying perfect Health, notwithstanding the Inclemency of that Season of the Year.

At Rennes, March 23, (Signed)

1758.

SEVOY, Doctor of Physic.

The following ten Patients have been lately cured in London, by Doctor COWPER, with Mr. KEYSER's Antivenereal Medicine.

These ten Patients (in order not to fatigue the Reader with more) are selected out of a great Number, who have been cured in London with this Medicine; and it is presumed they were Cases which shewed the Venereal Infection to exist in its most inveterate State; and that they are sufficient Proofs of this Remedy's Efficacy, and cannot fail to excite the Attention of the Public, especially when it shall be made manifest to the most Incredulous, that a Specific has been found out capable of overcoming such obstinate and terrible Disorders, without the least Inconveniency to the Patient. Therefore all envious Opposition to this truly desirable, and unquestionably authenticated Remedy, can spring from none but low and groveling Minds, and therefore unworthy of any Attention, while Cures vouch the Truth of what is here asserted.

C A S E I.

L. R. a poor Man, afflicted with the Venereal Disease for upwards of ten Years.

This Person was recommended to me as a very great Object of Charity; he had violent nocturnal Pains in all his Bones; a swelled Testicle, which was so hard that it resisted Mercurial Frictions, Plasters, &c. He had a white puffy Swelling on both Knees, and a Stiffness in both Joints; several scabby Blotches on his Legs, Thighs, and other Parts of his Body. His Mouth was very sore and much inflamed. The Throat and Palate full of small fetid Ulcers. This poor Man was emaciated to a deplorable State, not having the least Appetite for Food. Nay, he was hardly able to swallow Liquids, caused by the Soreness of his Throat. He had been once salivated, without any Abatement
E of

of Symptoms. He afterwards applied to different Pretenders for curing the Venereal Distemper, by whom he was rendered much worse. He took Mr. Keyser's Medicine for the Space of nine Weeks, at the Expiration of which Time all his Symptoms disappeared; the swelled Testicle was reduced to its natural State. He continued taking the Medicine in order to prevent any Relapse. His lost Appetite was entirely re-established. He gradually recovered his Flesh, and former healthy Countenance.

C A S E II.

E. W. a married Woman, who had been salivated in St. George's Hospital, without Success.

She was about thirty Years of Age, had been married in Scotland about seven Years ago, to a sea-faring Man, who left her, and has not since been heard of. She came to London some Time after, and got a Place as a Servant in a good Family; but being very weak and unhealthy, her Master got her into St. George's Hospital, Hyde Park Corner. After she had been there some Time, the Physicians discovered Symptoms which induced them to believe her Case to be owing to a Venereal Cause. Accordingly she was laid down in a Salivation. But either she had not Strength to go through a sufficient Course, or her Disorder was too inveterate to be cured by any of the common Methods; for soon after her leaving the above Hospital, the old Symptoms not only reappeared with greater Fury than before, but several new ones broke out, viz Ulcers in her Throat and Palate, Exostoses on the Bones of her Legs, and one in her right Clavicula. The Bones of her Palate, and Jaw Bones were carious, or rotten, as was the Os Vomer of the Nose; all these Bones exfoliated and came out. Her Master had now put her into the Hands of a Surgeon, who gave her Mercurial Medicines, with a Diet Drink of the Woods, for upwards of a whole Year, without being able to effect a Cure. Her Symptoms continued much the same. She became much weaker and leaner than ever, being reduced

duced to a State of Atrophy. Her Master begged of me to give her Mr. Keyser's Medicine, which she has taken for the Space of three Months, and has been surprisngly relieved from all her bad Complaints, notwithstanding she was not able to go through the Course in a regular Manner; having from Colds, and other Obstacles, been obliged to suspend the Use of the Medicine, from Time to Time, in the said three Months. However, the Ulcers in her Throat and Palate are absolutely cured; her Head-ach and nocturnal Pains have entirely left her. The Exostoses on her Leg and Clavicula are softened much, and greatly diminished. She still is taking the Medicine in small Doses, in order to compleat her Cure, which would have been already done, if her weak Condition had permitted her to take it in sufficient Doses *.

C A S E III.

J. R. a Widow, of about fifty-five Years old.

This Woman has had the Venereal Distemper ever since the Year 1754, the Year before her Husband died. She was of a weak and tender Constitution, owing to frequent and strong Mercurial Purges, besides her having been twice salivated, without any Benefit. In short, the poor Woman was quite exhausted in Body, as well as in Purse. A Friend of hers, from whom she received her chief Support, hearing that I had cured a Person with Mr. Keyser's Medicine, who had been emaciated to the last Degree with the Venereal Distemper, and had been given over for incurable; applied to, and begged of me, to undertake this poor Woman: which I readily complied with, and gave her Mr. Keyser's Medicine. The Symptoms were Venereal Scabs and Blotches almost all over the Body, but more particularly about the Roots of the Hair, which was become very thin, having partly fallen off her Head for 12 Months past. She had a copious virulent Running from the Vagina, which having been formerly of a white

* This person is at this present Time, and has, since the first Publication of the above Account, been long in perfect Health.

Colour, she took for the Fluor Albus. But before she began to take Mr. Keyser's Medicine, it was become of a greenish Colour, and had a very foetid Smell. The Labia Pudendi were much swelled, excoriated, and covered with small Shankers. She could neither walk, nor scarcely sit long in any one Posture. She had violent Pains all over her Body, with a heavy bearing down of the Womb; was reduced to a Skeleton, having nothing but the Skin on her Bones, and no kind of Appetite for Food, &c. In one Month, after using Mr. Keyser's Antivenereal Medicine, the Scabs on her Head and other Parts vanished, as did the Shankers on her Private Parts; the Running likewise was become of a good Colour and Consistence, and flowed but in a small Quantity. At the End of two Months the Running totally ceased; the Hair began to grow on the bald Parts of her Head; she began to gather Strength, to walk abroad, and recover her original Flesh and Colour very fast. She now enjoys a perfect State of Health.

C A S E IV.

M. O. a Soldier's Wife, about twenty-five Years of Age.

This Woman had been twice salivated in the Space of three Years for the Venereal Disease; after which she continued long in a very weak and languishing State of Health; being much relaxed, the Fluor Albus attacked her to a violent Degree, accompanied with nocturnal Pains in her Loins, Head and Legs; she spit Blood sometimes; had hard callous Ulcers about the Perinæum and Anus, with a most intolerable Itching all over her Body. Moreover, her Gums and Palate were very much inflamed. She had also a putrid Slough in her Mouth, and could eat nothing but Spoon-meat. I gave her Mr. Keyser's Antivenereal Medicine, which she continued taking for six Weeks; at the End of which Time she was perfectly cured; and recovered her Strength so well at the End of two Months, as to be able to go about her usual Occupations, &c.

C A S E V.

J. W. a Woman about thirty-six Years of Age.

The Symptoms were, Ulcers in her Thighs and Legs, Venereal Warts and hot angry Pimples about the Anus and Labia Magna. She had a very bad Running, of a greenish Colour, which was so sharp as to excoriate the Parts. Besides these Symptoms, one of her Breasts was so inflamed, and full of an inflammatory Eruption, that she could not bear the Child, which she had suckled for three Months past, to suck her any more at either Breast; the founder of the two being likewise very painful, and the Nipple of it quite raw and excoriated. She was all over full of Pains, besides those in the Parts that were broke out. I undertook the above J. W. and having ordered her Child to be weaned, gave her Mr. Keyser's Medicine to take during five Weeks; by which Time all her Pains ceased, her Sores had dried up in three Weeks, and her Nipples and Breasts were quite cured in one Month. However, I made her take the Remedy a Fortnight longer, for fear of any Relapse. The Child's Mouth was very sore when he was weaned. He too soon grew well, and recovered Strength, by taking twice a Day a little of Mr. Keyser's Medicine, introduced in his Food.

N. B. The Child was but six Months old! therefore this is a striking Instance of the mild Quality, and absolute Inoffensiveness of the Remedy.

C A S E VI.

M. G. a poor Girl, almost blind.

This poor Girl, a most deplorable Object indeed! was recommended to me by a reputable Apothecary. She was but nineteen Years of Age, and had been three Times salivated. When I undertook her, she had been turned out of the Hospital about seven Months before, as she told me. Her Symptoms were, a bad Ulcer in her Throat, her Nose swelled, red, and much inflamed; large Bunches of Verucæ hung about the Anus. She was afflicted with a violent nocturnal Head-ach; had a very bad scabby Ulcer, as big as Half a Crown, on her left Thigh: her Eyes were much in-

flamed, and had been so from the Age of twelve, by which she was rendered almost blind.

I gave her Mr. Keyser's Medicine to take, and in about seven Weeks she was so perfectly cured, that the Apothecary, who had recommended her to me, was greatly surprised that she should be in so good a State in so short a Time, without having undergone the least troublesome Operation, or being tied down to a Regimen, having all the Time she was under Cure, followed her usual Occupation, which is the laborious Work of Nail-making.

C A S E VII.

A Woman, having a Consumption, with a Venereal Lues at the same Time.

A. S. about twenty-five Years old, was so far advanced in a Consumption, as to have nocturnal Sweats, accompanied with a Cough, and was so weak as to be unable to keep out of Bed, having lost a great deal of Blood in the Course of fifteen Months Illness. She had a copious Running, of a bad Colour and foetid Smell; several Eruptions on her Face, Back, and Legs, of a bad Kind; with excruciating Pains in her Limbs, which were always more insupportable in the Night-time. I ventured to give her Mr. Keyser's Medicine, and in three Weeks Time the Running was gone; the Head-ach much abated; and the Eruptions on her Face, Back and Legs, quite disappeared in five Weeks. The hectic Symptoms were as at the Beginning, without being worse; nay, on the contrary, the Night-sweats were not so profuse. The Patient is now in a Milk-diet, and taking proper Medicines for her Consumption †.

C A S E

† The common Method by salivating would have been justly esteemed impracticable to one in the above mentioned Circumstances; consequently Practitioners of Reputation (unacquainted with the Medicine) would have pronounced her incurable. It may be here very worthy of Observation, that it must be accounted

C A S E VIII.

J. Y. a Man of thirty-six Years of Age, whose Disorder had withstood three Salivations.

This Man had been salivated three Times in the Space of two Years, still complained of nocturnal Pains in his Head, Legs and Arms; had five or six obstinate Ulcers on each Side of the Scrotum, which gave him great Uneasiness in walking. The Glands of both Groins were very hard, inflamed, and a little sore to the Touch, which never could be dispersed by any of the former prescribed Methods. I gave him Mr. Keyser's Medicine, which he took only twenty-eight Days, when all his Symptoms disappeared. He has since been, and now continues, in perfect Health.

C A S E IX.

S. P. a young Man, who had never been salivated.

This young Man, who was about twenty-two Years of Age, and a Foreigner, hearing that I was Mr. Keyser's Correspondent, applied to me to take him under my Care. He had incurred several Gonorrhœas in the Course of three or four Years; besides a great many Shankers. He had at the Time I undertook him, two Buboes. The Preputium was thickened to a great Degree, and several small Shankers nestled on the Inside of it, all of a tough horny Nature. His Thighs and Buttocks were covered all over with Blotches and Scabs. Some few Pustules preyed about the Roots of his Hair and Fore-head. This unhappy Sufferer, being a Gentleman's Servant, said that he could not engage in any Course of Medicines that would confine

counted a particular Happiness, if Mercury, in whatever Shape hitherto deemed little better than a Poison in all Cases of this Sort, should, by Mr. Keyser's Preparation, be so far changed as to eradicate the Complaint aimed at, and at the same time prove so harmless, as not to do any Prejudice to a distinct Disease accompanying it,

him,

him, or discover his Case to the Family. He took Mr. Keyser's Medicine, which cured him perfectly in six Weeks, without the least Confinement, or his being prevented from doing the Business of his Office, and without the least Discovery being made.

C A S E X.

R. P. a Man upwards of sixty Years of Age.

This Man, by his own Confession, had gone about from one Quack to another, for upwards of ten Years, to be cured of a Venereal Distemper which he had contracted many Years ago. He said he was sure he had taken a Cart-load of Slops and Apothecary's Stuff, to little Purpose, since he found his Disorder increased, instead of being any way diminished. He had a very obstinate Gleet, with Carnosities in the Urethra to such a Degree, that a Bougie, or Medicated Candle, could not be introduced, which made him labour under a perpetual Difficulty in making Water. His Perinæum was swelled, and full of small Ulcers; one of which was pretty large, deep, and of a fistulous Kind. Thro' it there issued a great deal of an urinous, scented Water, tinged with Blood, and having somewhat of a foetid Smell. He had several Verrucæ, and Pains about the Anus. He was plagued with intolerable nocturnal Pains in his Head, Loins, and Limbs. I gave him Mr. Keyser's Medicine, which he has taken, without Intermission, for two Months, and now finds himself quite freed from all the above Venereal Symptoms. The Perinæum and Penis being freed from the virulent Infection, soon took off the inflammatory Disposition of those Parts. In consequence, a Bougie has been introduced with great Ease, which hath re-established the natural Course of the Urine, and now he makes Water with the utmost Ease and Freedom.

An Extraordinary C A S E.

An obstinate Rheumatism cured by Dr. COWPER, with
Mr. KEYSER's Medicine.

A Gentleman, lately arrived from the West Indies, had been troubled with Rheumatic Pains ever since the Month of April 1759. He took a great many different Medicines, without finding the least Relief, his Pains still increasing; they at last grew so intolerable, that he could not sleep at Nights. The Heat of the Bed exasperated the Rack he felt in his Legs, Thighs, Head, and Arms. The Pain was so violent, that it compelled him to get out of his Bed every Night, and sit up in a Chair. The continual Torture he suffered, joined to a Want of Sleep, weakened him so much, and reduced his Spirits to so low an Ebb, that he was rendered unfit to attend on any the least Business; and withal so lame, that it was next to impossible for him to walk about his Chamber. This Gentleman, by my Direction, had taken all the Antirheumatic Medicines with the greatest Patience and Assiduity, strictly observing all the Time a proper Regimen. During three or four Months, he constantly took of the above-mentioned Medicines, viz. Cinnabar, Æthiops Mineral, Gunguaiacum, with a Diet-drink of the Woods. Bleeding, Purging, &c. from Time to Time, were not omitted. Nevertheless, he was so far from finding the least Relief, that his Disorder grew worse and worse. In this Dilemma, and not knowing what further Course to pursue, one Day the Patient, of his own Accord, said to me, that he was become weary of Life, being quite worn down with Pain. He asked me what I thought of a Salivation, as a last Resource; adding, that he had heard of People being cured of obstinate Rheumatisms, by going through such a Course. He at the same time told me, he was inclined to imagine, that as Mr. Keyser's Medicine produced all the good Effects

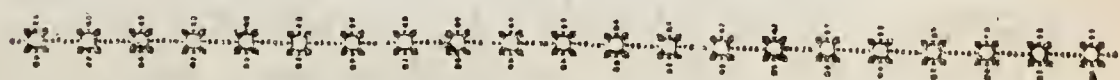
Effects which are to be expected from a Salivation, without being attended with any of the bad Consequences; it must follow, that it is more powerful, as it is more certain, since it has effected Cures where Salivation had failed. I having hitherto had no Experience of my Correspondent's Medicine in such Cases, said nothing to persuade him to follow his Opinion more than this, viz. That by the Experience I had of the Medicine, I was very sure that it was so mild and inoffensive, that it could not hurt the weakest Constitution, and that if it could do him no Good, I was certain it would do him no Harm.

He then, without the least Hesitation, set about taking Mr. Keyser's Medicine immediately, and with the greatest Success imaginable: For in five Days Time he found himself considerably relieved; and in a Fortnight, so much as to be able to walk about, though still with some Degree of Pain. He began to sleep a little at Nights, which he had not been able to do for several Months before. In about a Fortnight's Time, he was so much altered for the better, as to be able to sleep the whole Night; and walk from the Court End of the Town to the Royal Exchange, and elsewhere in the City. The Pains in his Head and Limbs are so greatly diminished, that he finds himself in Heaven to what he was. He still continues the Use of the Medicine, and becomes daily better and better, having a most keen Appetite †.

After having met with such unexpected Success in curing this Gentleman's Rheumatism, I was encouraged to give the Medicine to all my Patients labouring under that Distemper, which never failed of giving them so speedy a Relief, that I myself have been often amazed at it; for in five or six Days their violent Symptoms

† One of the constant good Effects of Mr. Keyser's Medicine, in all Cases and Constitutions, is that of creating a good Appetite, which is so much the more surprising, as all other Preparations of Mercury are found to pall the Stomach, and destroy the Appetite.

were much abated, nay, often in a Fortnight entirely disappeared; but I chose to continue them in the Use of the Medicine for some Time after, to prevent a Relapse. Now, from the Analogy supposed to exist between the Rheumatism and Gout, the former being but lately known in the World, and the latter having raged in the Time of Hippocrates and Galen, the Question may be asked, whether the Rheumatism is not a Species of the Gout degenerated, from the Abuse of particular Aliments, and the baneful Influence of particular Climates? This I propose to myself for the Subject of a future Essay. In the mean time I can assure the Reader, that I have already given Mr. Keyser's Medicine to several gouty Persons, who had been great Sufferers from the frequent Attacks of this Disorder. They have all found a speedy and surprising Relief from it. I intend, ere long, to lay before the Public, a particular Account of gouty Cases, which this Medicine shall have relieved. It is observable, that the Gout generally invades the Stomach. That Organ being weakened, it cannot perform the Office of Digestion, especially while the gouty Matter is wandering about the Body and unfixed. Now this Medicine, as I have already mentioned, never fails of creating a good Appetite, and therefore is to be reckoned a Stomachic of the first Class, and in the highest Degree possible; since, besides its peculiar Quality of exciting a good Appetite and promoting Digestion, it likewise appears to act as a powerful Specific against the gouty Humour.



Mr. KEYSER'S DECLARATION to the Public.

I am acquainted with the Methods of salivating By Frictions and Fumigations; I studied them a great while, and have often made use of them both. I prefer my Remedy, because it is more simple and harmless; because it always succeeded better; because with
it

it I have performed Cures which I could have never done by Mercurial Frictions ; because it does not weaken in any Respect the Constitution ; because it requires but very little Regimen, or Rules of Diet ; because it is less expensive to the Patient. In short, I cannot too often repeat it, because no bad Accident can result from its Use.

Another Advantage my Remedy has over the old Method of Frictions is, that it does not require that Apparatus and Formality which discovers the Distemper.

Those who have the Unhappiness to labour under the Disorder of a Venereal Infection, may be cured at home, without the Knowledge of any one, nor can even their most familiar Servant harbour the least Suspicion. But as to the Method of Frictions, a great Number of Patients are so circumstanced, by their Situation of Life, as not to dare comply with it, for fear of making a Discovery of their Condition : And thus they continue to go on with the Distemper upon them, which fails not to make a greater Progress, and Society becomes more and more infected, for want of commodious and secret Remedies.



A LIST of the Towns where Experiments have been made, under the Inspection of able Physicians and Surgeons, of Mr. KEYSER's Antivenereal Remedy, which have been attended with the greatest Success, and authenticated by Certificates, with the Names of his different Correspondents, who, in all Venereal Cases, make use of this Medicine only.

At PARIS and VERSAILLES.

DOCTORS of PHYSIC.

Dr. Senac, Counsellor of State, and first Physician to his Majesty.

Dr. Richard, Knight of the King's Order, and first Physician to the Army.

Dr.

Dr. *Petit*, first Physician to his Royal Highness the Duke of Orleans.

Dr. *Beyer*, Knight of the King's Order, and Dean of the Faculty of Physic.

Dr. *Casamajor*.

Dr. *Bordeu*.

Dr. *Petit*, junior, Physician in Ordinary to the Duke of Orleans.

Dr. *Ferret*.

Dr. *La Virotte* (deceased).

Dr. *Vandermonde*.

Dr. *De Saissy*.

S U R G E O N S.

Morand, Knight of the King's Order, Member of the Academy of Sciences, &c.

Guerin, Surgeon-Major of the Mousquetaires.

Faget, Surgeon-Major of the French Guards.

Du Fouard, Surgeon-Major of the French Guards.

Garangeot, Professor and Royal Demonstrator of Surgery.

Daste, Surgeon.

Marlot, Surgeon.

In the PROVINCES of FRANCE, and foreign Parts.

DOCTORS of PHYSIC.

Dr. *Imbert*, Chancellor of the Faculty of Physic, and Inspector of the Hospitals at Montpellier.

Drs. *Fournier* and *Goulard*, Physicians to the King's Hospital at Montpellier.

Dr. *Le Cat*, Perpetual Secretary of the Academy of Sciences at Rouen.

Dr. *Marmion*, Physician to the King's Hospital at Grenoble.

Dr. *Rigal*, - - - at Montauban.

Dr. *Fressinat*, - - - at Limoges.

Dr. *Le Fat*, Physician to the Milit. Hosp. at Ghent.

Dr. *Piers*, - - - at Troyes.

Dr. *Sabliere*, - - - at Romans.

Dr. Goupil,	-	-	-	at Argenteau.
Dr. Morin,	-	-	-	at St. Pierre-sur-Dive.
Dr. Seb,	-	-	-	at St. Maloes.
Dr. Mauger, (deceased)	-	-	-	at Dieppe.
Dr. Razour,	-	-	-	at Nimes.
Dr. Reliquet,	-	-	-	at Nantes.
Dr. Barjolle,	-	-	-	at Saumur.
Dr. Audirac,	:	-	-	at Cambray.
Dr. Dourlen,	-	-	-	at St. Omer's.
Dr. James Cowper, in John's Street, near Cavendish Square, London.				

SURGEON-MAJORS to several Hospitals and Regiments.

Le Riche, Surgeon-Major of the Military Hospital at Straßburgh.

Montant, Surgeon-Major to the King of Poland at Luneville.

Molitar, Surgeon-Major of the Regiment of Bretagne.

Delan, Surgeon-Major of the Regiment of Brest in Britany.

Giot, Surgeon-Major of the Regiment of Artois in Flanders.

Demontreux, Surgeon Major of the Hospitals at Brest.

De la Haye, Surgeon-Major of the Hospitals at Rochefort.

Michel, Surgeon-Major of the King's Ships at Nantes.

Ravaton, Surgeon-Major at Landau.

Mess. *De La Peyre* and *Le Page*, Surgeon-Majors at Caen.

Messier, Surgeon-Major at Avesne.

Majault, Surgeon-Major at Douay.

Mess. *Michel* and *Beauregard*, Surgeon-Majors at Perpignan.

Mirabel, Surgeon-Major at Nancy.

Mess. *De La Grave*, Surgeon-Majors at Calais.

Chaffng, Surgeon Major of the Royal Fort at Martini.

M. *H. Varvequier* and *Le Planque*, Surgeon-Majors at Lille.

Durand,

Durand, antient Surgeon-Major at Arras.

Godineau, Surgeon-Major at Madrid.

Artell, Surgeon-Major at Stockholm.

SURGEONS in several Provincial Cities.

Rey, Sworn Surgeon - - - at Lyons.

Maret, Id. Member of the Academy of Sciences at
Dijon.

Du Pont, Id. and Royal Demonstrator, at Rennes.

Jussy, Id. - - - at Besançon.

Mess. *Baquie* and *De la Marque*, Id. at Toulouse.

Bousquet, Id. - - - at Metz.

Guillon, Id. - - - at Orleans.

Des Moulins, Id. - - - at Rochelle.

Guyot, Id. - - - at Geneva.

Finks, Id. - - - at Genoa.

Mitier, Id. - - - at Nimes.

Meric, Id. - - - at Rheims.

Boissier, Id. - - - at Montpellier.

Hoilard, Id. - - - at Antwerp.

Beauvens, Id. - - - at Bridges.

Merande, Id. - - - at Lizieux.

Le Roux, Id. - - - at Marseilles.

La Plaine, Id. - - - at Bourdeaux.

Le Quay, Surgeon to his Serene Highness the Margrave
of Bareith.

Battet, Id. - - - at Estampes.

Mess. *Bongourd* and *Duval*, Id. at St. Maloes.

Chevreuil, Id. - - - at Angiers.

Mess. *Toujeans*, Surgeons - - - at L'Orient.

De la Marque, Id. - - - at the Island of Rhé.

Mess. *Paton* and *Desvilliers*, - - - at Mans.

Carpentier, Id. - - - at Dunkirk.

Pontiers, Id. - - - at Aix in Provence.

Douffin, Id. - - - at Xant.

Beauregard, Id. - - - at Avignon.

Texereau, Id. - - - at Poitiers.

Rochebrun, Id. - - - at Ammerberault.

Goddecharles, Id. - - - at Bruxelles.

<i>Naudinat</i> , Id.	-	-	at Cadiz.
<i>Breydel</i> , Id.	-	-	at Bridges.
<i>L'Aborie</i> , Id.	-	-	at St. Domingo.



Two very EXTRAORDINARY CASES,

Extracted from the French Monthly Mercury (published by Authority) of the Month of August 1761, and certified by Messieurs Le Car and Morand, Men of the greatest Eminence, and whose Characters, for superior Skill in their Profession, are held in Veneration among all regular Physicians and Surgeons.

THE first is that of Mr. Du Bois, principal Servant to Monsieur Le Maitre, Treasurer-General of Artillery. His Case was as follows: All the upper Part of the Coronal-Bone * was exostosed †; all the Articulations ‡ of his Shoulders, Arms, and Hands, were anchilosed ||; the Joint of the Wrist, with the Bone of the Arm, were surrounded with a Tumour of a most enormous Size, and so pernicious in its Effect, as to distort the Wrist upwards in such a Manner, that his Fingers laid upon the Fore-Part of his Arm: All the Fingers of this Hand were exostosed and contracted; the whole Arm was emaciated, and looked withered. The Tibia, or Shin-Bone, was likewise exostosed in its whole Length: Two deep and malignant Ulcers preyed upon the left Leg, the Bone of which was carious, or rotten: The superior Part of the right Shin-Bone was exostosed; the most severe and acute Pains, all over his Body, were felt Night and Day without ceasing; a Hectic Fever,

* *Coronal Bone*, is the upper Part of the Skull.

† *Exostosed*, signifies a Swelling or Protuberance of a Bone, and sometimes out of its natural Place, and often produces a Mortification, if not prevented in Time.

‡ *Articulations*, signify the Joints of the Body.

|| *Anchilosed*, signifies a Contraction, Stiffness, and Immoveableness of the Joints.

accompanied

accompanied with a Cough and Spitting of purulent corrupted Matter; no Sleep, and a continual Loathing of all Food: His Body became emaciated to the greatest Degree, and reduced to the last State of Weakness.

Mess. de la Faye and Morand, whose Patient he was for two Years, declare, that they had used their utmost Endeavours to cure the said Patient, but could not succeed. Dr. de la Motte, an eminent Physician of the Faculty of Paris, had also attended him. These three Gentlemen declare and certify, That Mr. KEYSER's Medicine has performed a most astonishing Cure on this Patient, to whom he administered this admirable Remedy on the 1st of March 1760, and accomplished the Cure in four Months; which was attested by Dr. de la Motte, Mess. de la Faye and Morand, celebrated Surgeons at Paris, in the Month of August 1761; at which Time he still continued to enjoy a most perfect State of Health, without having had the least Return of any of his former frightful Symptoms. We find in the same Mercury a Letter of Thanks for this surprising Cure, wrote to Mr. KEYSER by Monsieur le Maitre, Treasurer General of Artillery, and of the Corps of Engineers, dated at Paris, August 8, 1761; which should have been here inserted, but for its Length.

The second Case is described, and the Cure attested by the famous Professor Le Cat, the first Anatomist, and one of the most eminent Surgeons of Europe, in the following Certificate.

I underwritten Doctor of Physic, and chief Surgeon of the Hotel Dieu of Rouen, Professor and Demonstrator Royal of Anatomy and Surgery, of the Royal Academies of Paris, London, Madrid, Berlin, and Lyons, of that of Bologna, of the Imperial Academies of the Curious of Nature and of St. Petersburg, Perpetual Secretary of the Academy of Rouen, certify, That the Marquis de Signard, my Friend of a long standing, was afflicted with a Numbness and Giddiness in his Head for a Number of Years past, and for which he never could find any Cure: His Face has also been covered with a great Number of Blotches and Pimples for

these twenty-five Years; besides, within these seven Years, he has been afflicted with a very considerable Tumour or Swelling in his Knee, which broke out in several Places, and then produced fistulous Ulcers of the most dangerous Tendency. In short, Mons. de Signard having been brought to my House, where he remained three Weeks, I found his Knee, his Thigh, and the Ulcers, in a worse Condition than ever. The Cellulary Tissue being choaked, very large Protuberances of proud Flesh appeared, and fresh fistulous Cavities full of Matter, of a considerable Depth, having formed themselves all over those Parts. He had quite lost his Appetite; and his Strength was so far gone, that he was obliged to be carried about in an armed Chair, which at last being unable to bear, betook himself entirely to his Bed. This lamentable Situation made me despair of the Recovery of my old Friend, thinking his Disorder at its last Period; and persuaded that he had not long to live, I thought proper to declare this my Opinion of him to his Lady; but being convinced, by many Trials, of the Goodness of Mr. KEYSER's Remedy, in a great Variety of desperate Cases, I advised my old Friend to have immediate Recourse to it, as a last and only Resource. His Confidence was founded upon mine; he took KEYSER's Pills, and in less than eight Days after they produced the most happy Effects. Some Time after this, having Business at Paris, I went thither, and was lodged at my Friend's House. I found his Knee perfectly cured, his Appetite entirely re-established, so as to eat three hearty Meals a Day, the Blotches and Pimples which were on his Face, the Numbness and Giddiness of his Head, all gone; in a Word, my Friend restored to Society, and in better Health than I had seen him for fifteen Years past. Monsieur de Signard having desired to have my Attestation of all the above Facts, the Evidence of which is notorious, I have granted it with that Pleasure which always accompanies the Regard we should owe to Truth, and the additional one of certifying the Cure of a valued Friend.

At Rouen, April 27, 1761.

Signed LE CAT.
I under-

I underwritten certify, That I visited and examined several Times Mr. de Signard during the Time of his Illness; and whilst he was taking Mr. KEYSER's Remedy; and I saw, with the greatest Astonishment, its salutary Effects, and a perfect Cure performed on Mr. de Signard: Besides, I must acknowledge, that I have made Use of Mr. KEYSER's Medicines in several other Disorders, not caused by Venereal Virus, but derived from other Sources, with very great Success.

At Paris, March 25, 1761. Signed PETIT,
First Physician to his Most Serene Highness
the Duke of Orleans.



Extract of a Letter from Mr. GUERN, a celebrated Surgeon at Paris, to Mr. ——— an eminent Surgeon in London, on the Effects of Mr. KEYSER's Antivenereal Remedy.

As you have been pleased, Sir, upon all Occasions, to shew Marks of your friendly Disposition towards me, of which I have been always highly sensible; and therefore entreat the Continuance of them:

I have the Pleasure to communicate to you in this Letter, a Matter which cannot fail of being agreeable to so great a Friend of Humanity as you are known to be.

You must have heard, no Doubt, ere now, frequent Mention of an Antivenereal Remedy, called KEYSER's SUGAR PLUMS, all the Mercury and Medicinal Journals throughout France having been full of it these three Years past*.—Now, Sir, as no other Person has

* The Interruption of a general Correspondence with France caused by the late War, has hindered its being hitherto known in this Kingdom but to a few, most of whom did not think it their Interest to encourage the Importation of a Discovery, which, however useful it would prove to the Public, might diminish their Profit in this Class of Disorders.

had it so much in his Power to write pertinently on that Subject as myself, I shall proceed to give you, with the strictest Regard to Truth, a faithful Narrative of the Effects which I have seen produced by this Remedy under my Direction, for the Space of three Years, in the Hospital founded for the special dispensing of it to the French Guards.

1. The Remedy is good, and free from all Manner of Inconvenience.—Already above four hundred Soldiers have been successively cured there, and I can assure you of most grievous Disorders, that for the most Part had been missed by the best approved of Methods, and in which Calamities Mercurial Frictions would have proved ineffectual.

2. I have had the Management of this Remedy myself, and have effected by it Cures that astonished me.

3. I prescribe it constantly, and have not, as yet, met with any Accident to make me doubt, not only of its Efficacy, but even of its Superiority over all the Antivenereal Remedies hitherto known.—I shall not conceal from you, that no Medicine ever has been, and continues to be so furiously attacked as this, by all the Suggestions of Jealousy and Envy. No Scheme has been left unattempted in order to bring it into Disgrace, and cry it down.

It has been wrote against from every Quarter; nay, supposed Facts, and void of all Probability, have been quoted against it. You must be sensible, Sir, that Self-interest has been the Cause of all this Opposition.

However, the Account here given to you is a Debt I owe to Truth. Moreover, the Facts can be easily evinced. Nothing more is required than to make Experiments, to see, and to judge; and that this is precisely what I am desirous of proposing to you.—I flatter myself that you will soon be convinced of the Truth, and will not be displeased thereat.

The Remedy in question demands scarce any Preparation, not even Baths, except in such Cases where you may judge them necessary.—No other Regimen need be prescribed to the Sick, but to avoid being guilty of any Excess. A Patient may be cured by this Remedy without

without any Person about him, Servant or others, harbouring the least Suspicion.—I conclude by entreating you to have an entire Reliance on what I here write to you,

Who am, Sir, Your's, &c.

April 9, 1759.

GUERIN.



Mr. KEYSER's Certificate.

I underwritten certify and declare, that Dr. COWPER is the Person whom I have chose for my Correspondent in London; that he alone has my Antivenereal Medicine; and that I shall never send it to any other but to the said Dr. COWPER. Wherefore I have signed the present Certificate, at Paris, August the 29th, 1759.

KEYSER.



A Poetical Letter of Thanks to Mr. KEYSER.

Illustrious *Keyser* has at length restor'd
The beauteous *Sylvia* to my longing Arms!
As her Recovery conquers my Despair,
So thy Skill triumphs o'er pale Envy's rage!
In vain weak Enemies conspire against you,
Truth's powerful Blaze will dissipate the Cloud
Fell Malice impotently strives to raise,
And to eclipse the Glories that adorn you.

With honest Pride look down on Efforts vain.
O punish them with still repeated Cures,
And each be deem'd more wondrous than the last.

How many Vot'ries of the *Cyprian* Queen
Pin'd in the Prime of Life, a Prey to Ills,
Pronounc'd incurable, till you appear'd?
Like to the vernal Sun, whose strength'ning Rays
Winter dispel, and give new Springs to Nature;
You bad Contagion cease—her leper'd Offspring
Fled at thy great Command——no Vestige foul
Nor fallow stain disgrace my *Sylvia's* Cheek,
Her dimpled Cheek, the Throne of smiling Love.

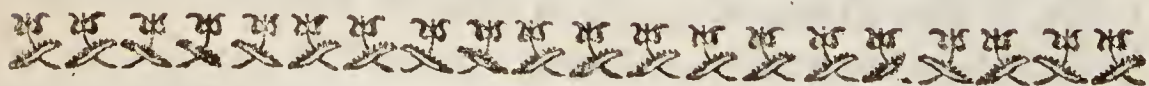
All Praise is to heroic *Biron* * due,
 Who for thy Skill procur'd a proper Sphere
 To counteract that formidable Hydra,
 Fraught with a subtle Virus, Beauty's Bane,
 Blasting the Joys that heighten our Existence.

You've conquer'd—the fell Monster reigns no more.
 Now each glad Hour Love's Raptures we repeat;
 Our warmest Praise attends on *Keyser's* Name!
Keyser, who gave dear *Sylvia* back to Life,
 And makes me happiest of human Race!

Besides the grateful few who loud proclaim
 Their Obligations to thy Magic Pills,
 How great's the Number! Modesty compels,
 In formal Defence to their Rank or Station,
 With silent Rapture to record thy Cures.

Continue, Sir, to merit of Mankind
 Dispensing Health, and Joy to the distress'd——
 The greatest Recompence of noble Minds
 Is to be conscious of their doing good;
 In which exalted Light you stand so high,
 Envy'd, unrival'd, and by most rever'd!

The foregoing Letter was written by a celebrated Genius of France, whose favourite Lady had been long in a melancholy Situation; her Case being deemed incurable by all the Doctors and Surgeons who had attempted to relieve her. At last she applied to Mr. KEYSER, who performed a most astonishing Cure, which the grateful Lover spread abroad in this Poetical Epistle. The chief Sense whereof (not a literal Translation) is here presented to the English Reader in blank Verse.



A Translation of the Marshal Duke of *BIRON's* Letter
 to Dr. COWPER.

I have received, Sir, with great Pleasure, the Letter
 you wrote to me, and the Copy of that you sent to
 Dr.

* See the Preface.

Dr. Astruc. I am highly pleased to see Gentlemen of Probity and Talents give impartial Evidence in the Behalf of Truth. It was not till after a long Series of Experiments, to which I had been an Eye-witness, that I let myself be prevailed on to grant my Protection to Mr. Keyser's Remedy. Thereby I have rendered the greatest Service to the Regiment of Guards; for it is undeniable, that since the Establishment of the Hospital which I have founded, five hundred Soldiers have been cured there without the Loss of one. Whereas it is as certain, that before the Establishment of the said Hospital, it was customary to lose Half of those who were treated with Mercurial Frictions in the public Hospitals. As I had been actuated by no other Motive, than the Public's Welfare, and the Interest of Humanity in general, I have now the Satisfaction to find that I shall succeed in making Truth triumph, notwithstanding the Crowd of Opponents, instigated by Profession, Interest, or Prejudice.

I should be very glad of an Opportunity to give Marks of that Esteem in which I hold a Gentleman of your Reputation and Abilities, and to be serviceable to you in any Shape; so desirous am I to prove how much I am, &c.

Marshal Duke of BIRON.

A P P E N D I X.

IT is not to be wondered that the highest Encomiums have been made on KEYSER's Antivenereal Medicine, by the most eminent Physicians and Surgeons in Europe, when it is known that it has succeeded beyond any thing yet known, in absolutely curing not only the most obstinate and malignant Venereal Disorders, however inveterate and complicated they were, but likewise in a great Variety of other perplexing chronical and lingering Disorders of the SCORBUTIC, RHEUMATIC *, GOUTY, and SCROFULOUS Kind. It has been found to conquer a great Number of desperate Maladies, which had their Source from a Depravation of the Humours, and which could not well be classed amongst the commonly-known Disorders; therefore were deemed incurable, as they yielded to no other Medicine †.

It has proved a certain Cure for that terrible Distemper of the Negroes in the West Indies, called the YEAWS ‡. It has been finally adopted by the French Government, for the Use of their military and marine Hospitals, both at home and in their Colonies; and Mr. KEYSER, the Inventor thereof, has been gratified with a Royal Pension of Ten thousand Livres a-Year ||. These

* This Medicine will cure the Gout, Rheumatism, King's Evil, Leprosy, and Scurvy, if properly administered with other Medicines, according to the different Ages and Degrees of their Disorders, &c.

† Many of the Faculty have experienced this, as well as myself.

‡ The French employ this Medicine at St. Domingo for the Yeaws with Success.

|| The King of France, besides the Pension, made Mr. KEYSER a noble Present, for the great Benefit his Troops received from the Medicine.

are undeniable Facts, which I presume will be received as a sufficient Reason for my endeavouring to make known the Merits of this valuable Medicine in these Kingdoms; especially when I assure my Readers, with the strictest Truth, that the above Facts have been verified here in England for these five Years past, both in my own Practice, as well as in that of other Gentlemen of the Faculty, who, in obstinate Cases, have applied to me for the Pills; having cured in that Time upwards of five hundred Venereal Patients in London only, besides those who have applied to me from different Parts of the three Kingdoms, as also from the East and West Indies; many of whom, to my certain Knowledge, and others from their own melancholy and despairing Accounts of themselves, were so far gone in the above Distemper, with a Complication of others, that little Hopes were entertained of the Probability of their Recovery.

I have to add further, that I have been very fortunate in my Trials of this Medicine on a great Variety of Patients, whose Complaints were not Venereal, but much worse; for they were such as the present Practice leaves us at a Stand for want of proper Remedies.

It will naturally be expected that I should say something here of the Nature and Composition of a Medicine whose Effects appear so admirable. I shall therefore refer the curious Reader to the Accounts given by the Academy of Sciences, which were published six Years since, of the Nature of this Medicine, at Paris; as it was analysed, by Orders of the Government, by Gentlemen of the Academy of Sciences, in presence of Dr. Boyer, Knight of the King's Orders, and Dean of the College of Physicians, Mess. Piat and Cadet, &c. It was likewise analysed by the Faculties of Montpellier, Lyons, Toulouse, and Bourdeaux: And the joint Report of the above Gentlemen Analysers was, that the constituent Parts of this Medicine were, *Mercury* infinitely divided and united to a vegetable Acid of a very high and concentrated Nature, and probably the

ACETUM RADICATUM of the Ancients *. These Gentlemen add, that it is entirely different from any other mercurial Composition : And thus we have two excellent Medicines united together, which perform Cures that neither of them could effect separately.

About two Years ago, upon several Gentlemens urging Request to have this Medicine analysed here in London, I readily agreed to it. Mr. Clerk, a very ingenious Chymist of Apothecaries-Hall, Blackfriars, was proposed to be the Person who should undertake to make the Analysis of it, which he did with the greatest Care and Attention; and agreed in Opinion with the Academy of Sciences, of its being a Mercury infinitely divided, and that it was no mercurial Calx : But for the Acid, which he found was neither of a mineral or metallic Kind, he could not discover, by a Variety of Experiments, how produced, &c.

I shall not trouble the Reader with scholastic Speculations or philosophical Disquisitions concerning the Improvement an infinite divided Mercury receives from the Addition of an highly concentrated vegetable Acid, which is allowed to be the Thing in KEYSER'S Medicine; but let me be allowed to observe, that every Person of the Faculty, as well as others, who have made Trials of it, agree, that it is a noble, active, and mild Medicine, and very different from all other mercurial Medicines whatever : Particularly, to instance only the Scurvy, that reigning Distemper, which attacks three Parts out of four of the Inhabitants of this Nation ; it is well known, that the best mercurial Medicines, and the

* See Boerhaave's Process upon Vegetables. "The Ancients," says this Author, "and particularly the Arabians, have wrote a great deal about the ACETUM RADICATUM : and indeed its medicinal Virtues are very great ; for, by its saponaceous Quality, it opens all Obstructions of the VISCERA more effectually than any other Medicine hitherto discovered ; and schirreous Cases themselves give Way to it. I have myself," says the same Author, "seen surprising Things performed by its Means, particularly in Schirrhosities, in that of the Liver especially, which it gradually dissolves and wears away with great Ease and Safety, as acting without Acrimony."

most carefully administered, always disagree with scorbutic Patients, so as to make them worse. What then can be done to a Person who hath both the Venereal Distemper and the Scurvy at once? which is very often the Case, more especially amongst the seafaring Men, &c. But we are freed from that Dilemma by Mr. KEYSER's Medicine, which is equally antiscorbutic as anti-venereal; and commonly we find, that Patients are cured of both Disorders at once by the Use of the Pills: And though I have cured a great many People of very bad Scurvies with this Medicine, when there was no Venereal Taint in the Blood; yet I pay too great a Regard to Truth to cry it up for a general specific Remedy for that cruel Distemper, but only in certain Kinds and Degrees of it: For it is evident, from long Experience, that no single Medicine yet discovered will cure all the different Species of Scurvies; but that, to obtain a happy Cure of it, it is above all necessary to find out the peculiar Nature of the vicious Humour, and each peculiar Acrimony, which is peccant by its Predominancy: And as this Acrimony is either of a briny Salt, of a rough Acid, of a foetid Alkali, or a rancid oleous Quality, Rules are to be formed for every particular Case; so that whoever pretends to have a specific Remedy for all Scurvies, must be ignorant of the Nature of the Disease, or, which is worse, must have a bad Heart, to impose any particular Medicine on the Public for the Cure of every scorbutic Case; for a true Physician ought not to mind the general Denomination of this Disease, but to apply himself to cure the several Kinds, as if they were Distempers of quite a different and contrary Nature.

In a Scurvy, Mercurials are sometimes useful, and also advised *, when Sweats, Urine, and Stools, should be promoted for a long while together. And in this remarkable Period of that Distemper, I have found KEYSER's Pills answer better than Mercurials alone, or indeed than any other Medicine whatever. The same we can affirm of its Virtues in the following Disorders, viz.

* See Boerhaave's Practical Aphorisms, 1165.

In the *ASTHMA*, especially in the pituitous or humoral Kind, caused by viscid Humours, where a great Quantity of Phlegm is thrown up, &c.

In Shortness of Breath, from thick Phlegm stuffing the Organs of Respiration; and even in the *ANASAR-CHA*, which is a kind of Dropsy, often attended with a Shortness of Breath, it is an admirable Remedy.

In all Dropsies, this Medicine, without doing any Mischief to the Body, acts directly on the morbid Cause, and, if possible, destroys it.

It will, if taken from Time to Time, prevent an *APOPLEXY*, a *LETHARGY*, *CARUS COMA SOMNOLENTUM*, and other sleepy Disorders.

It will cure the *PALSY*, which has an Affinity to these Disorders.

It will cure and prevent a *VERTIGO*, Giddiness or Swimming in the Head, as also a *CATALEPSY*, Epilepsy, or falling Sickness ‡.

Its Virtues are admirable for all Disorders proceeding from Worms, either in grown Persons or Children; and their Stomachs will bear it much better than Bitters, which are not near so efficacious, and are less agreeable ||.

In the *HYPOCHONDRIAC AFFECTION*, from the Nerves being clogged with noxious Humours, this Medicine has not its Fellow. I have cured with it many who were differently affected; particularly, last Winter, a Lady of forty, whose whole Body was covered with Blotches. She had profuse Sweats, her Strength decayed, her Limbs languid, and unfit for Motion; her Body was become tabid, her Mind full of Inquietudes, Anxieties, Terror, Sadness, &c.

Costiveness, which gives Rise to many grievous Symptoms, especially in hypochondriac and hysteric Persons, it prevents and cures, without purging or re-

‡ It is remarkable, that most of the Patients who have been cured of the falling Sickness and Fits by this Medicine, voided a great Quantity of Worms by Stool, which probably were the Cause of the Disorder.

|| Children cannot take Bitters, and the Stomachs of some Adults will not receive them. The Death of more People, says a famous Author, is owing to Worms, than is generally supposed; for they cause Vomiting, Looseness, Fevers, and what not.

laxing

laxing the Body, but by its peculiar deobstruent and resolutive Qualities.

In all Disorders of the Eyes, excepting such as are attended with a real OPTHALMY, (which is an Inflammation in the Coats of the Eyes, proceeding from arterial Blood gotten out of the Vessels) there cannot be a safer and more powerful Remedy, whether in Dimness of Sight, proceeding from an Opacity of the vitrious Humour of the Eye, a Symptom which is commonly a Fore-runner of a GLAUCOMA and a CATARACT, or whether these Disorders have made some Progress; for, in some Months, it will destroy the Rudiments of an Incipient, or recent CATARACT, from thick and viscid Humours which arise in the CRYSTALLINE, because it attenuates, resolves, and renders the Humours fluxile, and increases the Spirits *.

For that very painful and obstinate Disorder, called the SCIATICA, or Hip-Gout, there is not a better Remedy yet found out, as it is indeed for all flying gouty and rheumatic Pains, and Stitches in general, which, though slowly, yet certainly, and without Violence, are removed by a regular Course of it.

Three out of four Persons who have pimpled Faces, with the Assistance of a proper Diet, never fail being cured by the Use of this Medicine, by repeating its Use at Spring and Autumn.

It is absolutely the greatest Medicine yet known for the PILES. It is not to be understood here that salutary Flux of Blood from the HÆMORRHOIDAL Vessels, called the Bleeding Piles, which, being a critical Evacuation, should be by all Means encouraged and promoted, unless in very weak People, and where the Loss of Blood is excessive; but we mean here the blind Piles, which are very troublesome, and evacuate a thin ferous or pituitous Matter: They ulcerate, and often turn fistulous, and occasion intense Pain on going to Stool, and, if long neglected, produce very dangerous Consequences.

* Those who desire to be informed from the Patients themselves, who have recovered their Sight by the Use of this Medicine, as also of many other Disorders of different Kinds, may, on Application to the Author, be directed to them.

In that terrible Disorder the HYDROPHOBIA, or Bite of a mad Dog, it is more than probable (though I have had as yet no Opportunity of making Trial) that this Medicine would excel any other; because it is now known, from repeated Experiments, that Mercury introduced into the Blood has sometimes succeeded in curing this Malady; and it is more than probable, that could a greater Quantity of it be given with Safety, more Persons might be cured. Now, it is certain, that a greater Quantity of KEYSER's prepared Mercury can be introduced into the Blood with greater Safety, than any other known Preparation of this Mineral; therefore it is not unreasonable to expect a more considerable Effect from its Use in the HYDROPHOBIA.

We have no Medicine that answers so well as this in all female Disorders, especially in Obstructions. In the green Sickness, as well as in the Case of all preternatural Suppressions of the Menfes, there is not a better Remedy.

It is an absolute certain Remedy in a FLUOR ALBUS, or that disagreeable Drain which the far greater Number of the Fair-Sex is so much afflicted with, and which, when neglected, becomes obstinate, and the Parent of many disheartening Disorders, with a total Lassitude, Weakness, and want of Spirits. Some hundreds have been perfectly cured by this Medicine, who were exhausted and emaciated to the greatest Degree, by the long Continuance of this Malady.

It has been observed by the Physicians and Surgeons of the French Army in Germany, that KEYSER's Medicine prevented the Soldiers from catching Fevers; for, in the Campaigns of the Years 1760 and 1761, when the epidemic Camp-Fever carried off Numbers of their Men, it was very remarkable, that few or none of those who had been taking of KEYSER's Medicine some Months before, caught either the Fever or bloody Flux which attended it.

Now, it must be owned, that if this should be found, on further Trials, good to prevent all sorts of Fevers, what a wonderful Remedy should we have, and how greatly would Mankind be indebted to Mr. KEYSER for his noble Discovery! A Fever is a general Disease

that

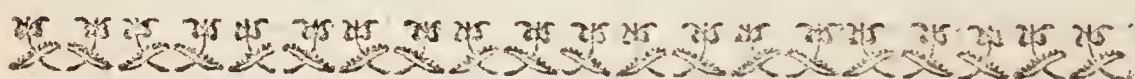
that attacks all Mankind, of whatever Constitution, Sex, or Age, in all Climates, let their Diet and Way of Living be what they will. It is certain that the greatest Physicians acknowledge, that a Fever can scarcely be raised without some Degree of Acrimony in the Blood; and that, even in nervous Fevers, there is a kind of Lensor or Ropiness in the Humours, being the proximate Cause of that Disease, which subsists chiefly in the serous and lymphatic Vessels, whence few animal Spirits are generated: And as this State of the Fluids will occasion Obstructions, the STAGNANT LYMPH will grow more and more acrimonious, and so occasion a Fever; for all Humours of the Body grow more and more corrosive the longer they stagnate. Therefore, as KEYSER's Medicine, taken as an Alterative, is well known to have admirable Effects in dissolving the COAGULUM in the Blood, and the lymphatic Vessels. After all, would it be contrary to the Dictates of Reason, and the Notions of common Sense, to believe, that this Medicine, the most powerful of all Deobstruents, might cure and prevent Obstructions, and consequently Fevers, which are formed from them?

Some Readers may possibly imagine to themselves, that too many Virtues are here ascribed to this Medicine; and though they may allow its Efficacy in Venereal Disorders, cannot easily be persuaded that its Virtues extend to the Cure of others: But to such I would advise to consult what has been so amply set forth by so many learned Men, and the most eminent Practitioners in Physic of the four great Remedies, viz. Mercury, Opium, the Bark, and Steel, and they will be convinced in what a great Variety of Cases each of these excellent Medicines are employed in with Success; and was it not for the extraordinary Virtues of these few select Remedies, the Advantages accruing to Mankind from the Practice of Physic in general would hardly render it worthy of Attention*.

I have now a Number of select Cases, highly authenticated, and which were of a very stubborn and ob-

* See Dr. Friend's Works,

stinate Kind, that have been cured by the sole Use of KEYSER's Medicine, and propose to communicate them hereafter to the Public in a distinct Treatise ; and I flatter myself, that as my Motive for its Publication flows from a Propensity inherent in me of being of some Use to the Public, it will be received with Candour, at least by the unprejudiced of the Profession, though it should fall short of a formal Approbation.



CONTENTS of the APPENDIX.

The Use of KEYSER's Medicine in a great many Cases besides Venereal.

Its happy Effects in Scorbutic, Rheumatic, Gouty, and Scrofulous Disorders.

An Account of its Analysis in France, and by Mr. Clerk at Apothecaries-Hall.

Its Efficacy in the Asthma, by removing tough and viscid Phlegm.

Its Excellence in preventing an Apoplexy, Palsy, Lethargy, and all sleepy Disorders.

Has cured Hypochondriac Disorders, which bordered on Madness.

Dimness of Sight much relieved, and often cured, by KEYSER's Medicine.

Its Virtues in the Sciatica or Hip-Gout.

Red pimpled Faces, and ulcerated Piles, cured by it.

The Probability of its curing the Bite of a Mad Dog.

No Remedy more efficacious in Obstructions of the Fair-Sex, and none more effectual in curing the Weakness peculiar to them.

As an Alterative, it prevents Fevers.

The probable Causes of its preventing Fevers.

*Rules and Cautions to be observed by those who
take KEYSER's Pills.*

AS particular Directions are printed for taking the Pills, and given with each Box, it will be sufficient to mention only in this Place some general Rules and Cautions.

The Patient must keep his Body open by the Effect of the Pills, so as to have one Stool each Day, exclusive of what he commonly has. He succeeds in this, by taking every Night at Bed Time a proportionable Dose to his Constitution, the Nature of which will be known by taking each Time more Pills, till he has found the right Number which produces the desired Effect. Thus he may begin by taking one Pill the first Night, which is to procure him one copious Stool extraordinary the next Day; which if it continues to do, he need not increase the Dose; but if otherwise, he must go on increasing the Dose by one Pill more each Night, as far as ten, twelve, or more.

In the Venereal, and all the Disorders for which this Medicine is proper, dropical Cases only excepted, if the Patient is of a sanguine hot Constitution, he should lose ten or twelve Ounces of Blood from the Arm before he takes the Pills, and continue constantly taking them for one Month, or six Weeks or longer; in short, he must keep taking of them until all the Symptoms of the Disorder are entirely vanished, and even for a Fortnight after. Without such Precaution, the Disease might break out afresh, as not having been entirely conquered. There is no Danger of catching Cold when the Patient is in a Course of this Medicine, but, on the contrary, it contributes greatly to cure a Cold.

The Medicine is so mild and harmless, that it is given to Children three Months old, mixed in their Food; and its having neither Taste or Smell, makes it easily taken by the most delicate Palate.

Of D I E T.

As to the Observance of any particular Diet, excepting in some very particular Disorders and Constitutions, it is not at all necessary, only to live moderately and temperately. In most Disorders, as well as the Venereal, the Regimen should be diluting, with a Quart of weak Tea, Whey, Barley-Water, Veal Broth, or any other softening Liquid, such as Water-Gruel, Milk, or Milk and Water, and the like, may be drank according to the Season of the Year, in the Morning. Salt Meat, salt Fish, and Sallad, are to be avoided, and, in a Word, all that is of difficult Digestion. Wine and Water, or small Beer, may be drank freely at every Meal. Boiled Greens and Roots, Pease and Beans in the Season, are far from being hurtful, but are very proper; only it must be observed, that raw Fruits are not proper.



Advertisement to the Reader.

Any Nobleman or Gentleman may see the Originals of the Letters and Certificates contained in this Narrative, with several more, by taking the Trouble to call on Dr. COWPER, at his House in John Street, near Oxford Road, by Oxford Market.

Persons who live in the Country, at a Distance from London, by sending a Description of their Cases to Dr. COWPER, directed as above, by Letters (Post paid) shall be duly answered. The Doctor being, by Contract, Mr. KEYSER's only Correspondent in Great Britain, and well versed in the Administration of the Medicine in all Cases, will always be ready to clear up all Doubts, and answer all Questions which may be necessary for the safe conducting of his Patients to a perfect Cure.